



In G&T's update for Q2 2024, hopes of an improving business outlook could prompt a construction recovery. Stabilising input costs and expectations of more favourable investment conditions could see stalled projects being released to the market.

MACRO ECONOMICS & CONSTRUCTION OUTPUT

CONSTRUCTION MARKET TRENDS

THE RISE OF CONSTRUCTION INSOLVENCIES & MEP PRESSURES

TRENDS IN KEY TRADES

MARKET CONDITIONS & KEY TRENDS

KEY TAKEAWAYS



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MACRO ECONOMICS & CONSTRUCTION OUTPUT







As the UK economy comes out of recession and lower inflation stokes hopes of interest rate cuts, are things looking up?

Source: ONS, Bank of England, S&P Global



MOMENTUM IN THE ECONOMY TO GRADUALLY BUILD

UK exits shallow recession as household and business sentiment improves, but election uncertainty poses potential headwinds



CPI 2.3% (Apr 2024)

Headline inflation falls close to 2% target, but services inflation overshoots expectations



UK CONSTRUCTION PMI (Apr 2024)

Latest reading marks second consecutive month of growth, helped by rising workloads and a turnaround in demand



INTEREST RATE CUTS ON THE HORIZON

Bank of England edges closer to cutting rates, but wage data and domestic pricing pressures pose threat



4.3% UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

(Jan 24 – Mar 24)

Unemployment rate climbs to highest for almost a year as jobs market cools







SERVICES

55.0

CONSTRUCTION

53.0

MANUFACTURING

49.1

UK Construction PMI hits 14-month high as expectations of an economic rebound and rate cuts boost demand...

Sector **consolidates** its recent return to growth

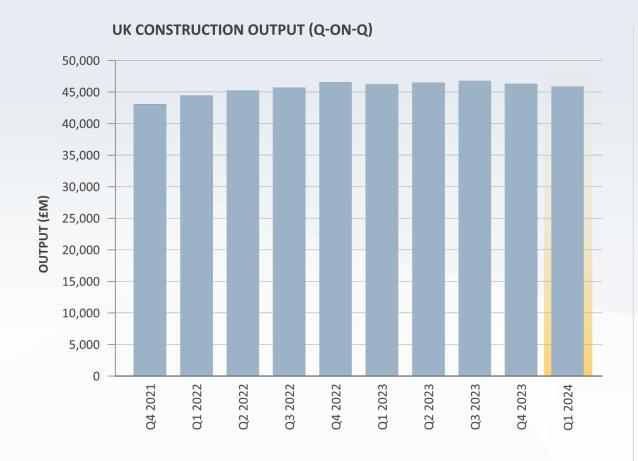
Weaker residential sector offset by strong commercial and civil engineering growth

Input prices rose only modestly, aided by improved balance between supply and demand

Optimistic business outlook reflects brightened demand prospects



UK CONSTRUCTION OUTPUT AND NEW ORDERS (ONS)



UK construction output growth fell by 0.9% in Q1 2024. Several variables – including election uncertainty – weighed on growth

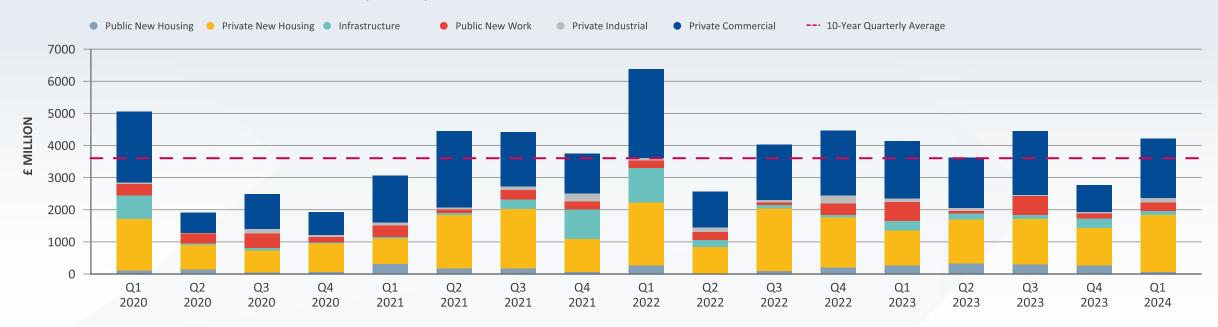


New orders rose 16% to £10.4bn, yet tough borrowing conditions persist, impacting project commitments

Source: ONS GARDINER & THEOBALD | 6



LONDON CONSTRUCTION NEW ORDERS (Q-ON-Q) BY SECTOR



London new orders rose 58% in Q1 to £4.2bn, surpassing the 10-year average figure

Private Commercial and Private
Industrial sectors were key growth
drivers

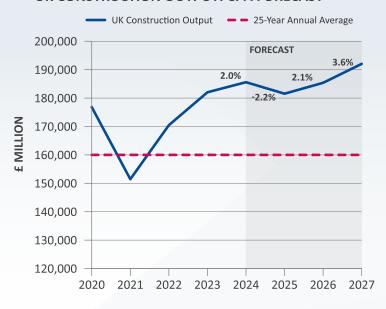
Stabilising cost pressures, good availability of materials and improving contractor capacity are positive signs

Commercial new orders recover but the London office development pipeline is stagnating

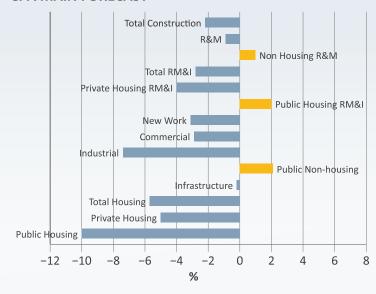


CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS ASSOCIATION (CPA): CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY FORECASTS 2024-2027

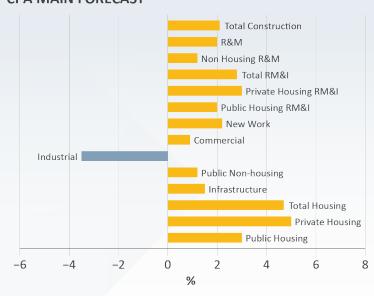
UK CONSTRUCTION OUTPUT: CPA FORECAST



CONSTRUCTION OUTPUT FOR 2024 BY SUB-SECTOR: CPA MAIN FORECAST



CONSTRUCTION OUTPUT FOR 2025 BY SUB-SECTOR: CPA MAIN FORECAST



2.2% fall in construction output forecast for 2024 amid challenging environment, but recovery anticipated in 2025/26

2024 OUTLOOK





Rate cuts to improve economic prospects



Election: public/private spending uncertainty



Red Sea supply chain disruption



Insolvency risk to impact activity

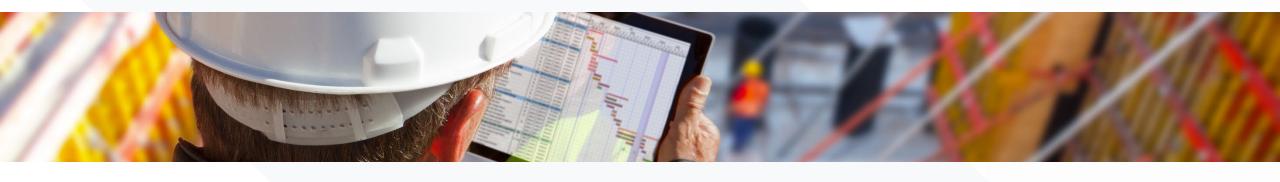


Tight labour market may impede recovery



CONSTRUCTION MARKET TRENDS – MATERIALS, COMMODITIES & LABOUR







MATERIALS Are prices bottoming out?

- Little aggregate price movement points to easing deflationary pressure
- Despite Middle East conflict, commodity prices remain stable

CONTRACTOR CAPACITY Improving but Contractors Remain Selective

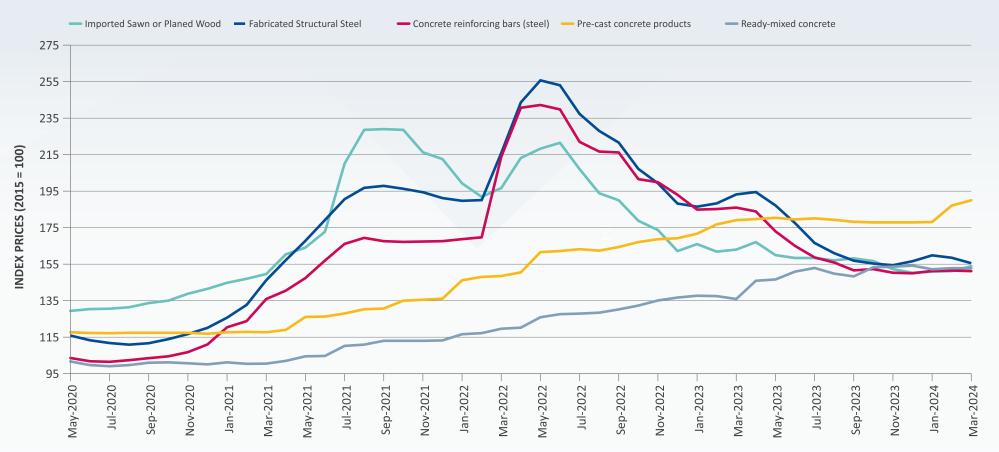
- Easing workloads and pipeline gaps have improved tender engagement
- Most trades have capacity to tender works, particularly early trades

LABOUR Wage Pressures Easing

- Site rates still rising but at a slower rate given reduced construction activity
- Structural labour shortages and constraints remain, and will do in the long-term



BEIS: PRICE INDICES OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS (UK)



BEIS 'ALL WORK' INDEX

-2.2%

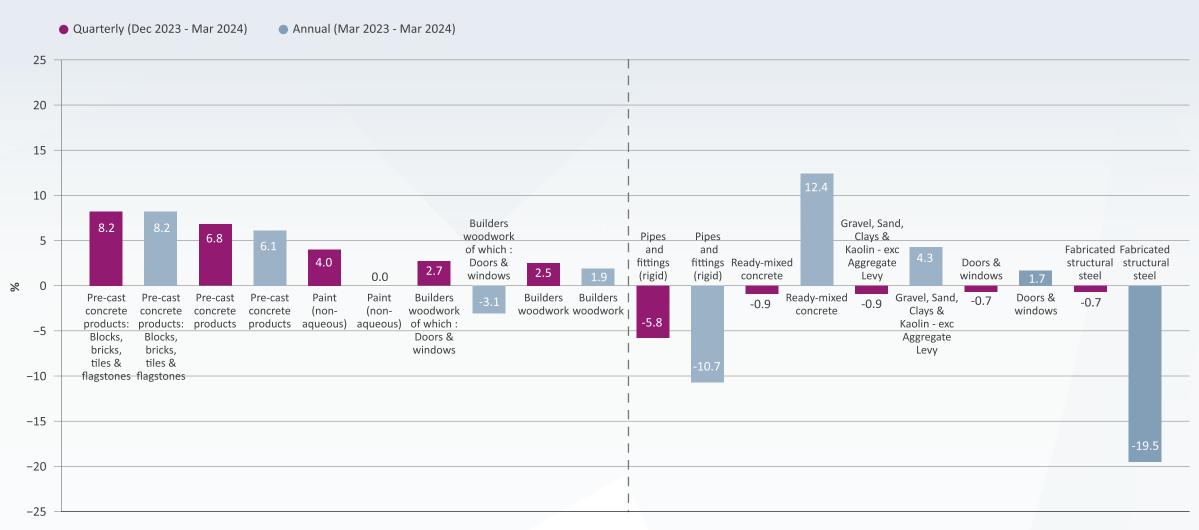
(Mar 23 - Mar 24)

Deflationary trends appear to have softened pointing to a bottoming out of materials prices...

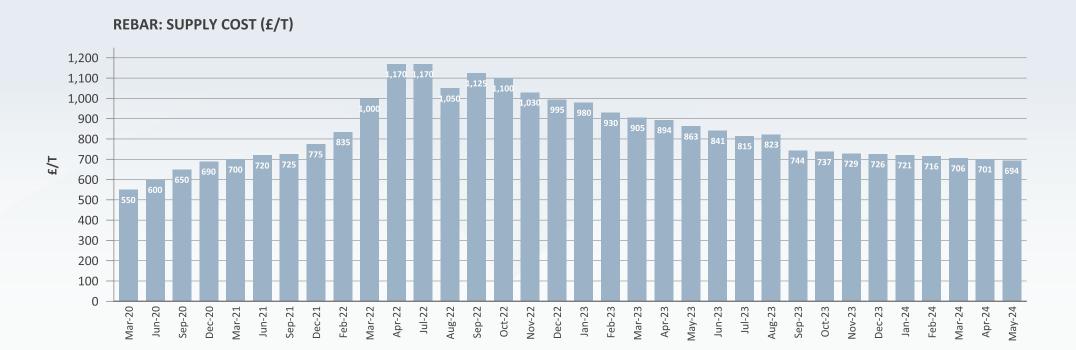


Source: BEIS

BEIS MATERIALS RISERS AND FALLERS: QUARTERLY V ANNUALLY







REBAR SUPPLY COST*

-3.1%

From £716/t (in Feb 2024), to £694/t (in May 2024)

STRUCTURAL STEEL **SUPPLY COST**

-2.5 to

-3.8%

from £780-800/t (in Feb 2024), to £750-780/t (in May 2024)

Falling iron ore prices, subdued demand and increased supply drag steel prices lower...

Subdued global demand due to tough macroeconomic environment

Prices bottoming out following production cuts Market becoming more balanced as supply readjusts to meet lower demand

Short-term price trends to be influenced by central bank interest rate decisions and geopolitical factors





26/04/2022

Disinflation stalls as declining commodity prices reach a standstill...

17/02/2021

Decline over past two years has come to a halt

01/05/2020

23/09/2020

Geopolitical tensions tighten supply as demand starts to recover

12/07/2021

01/12/2021

Plateauing prices to impact global inflation and interest rate movements

19/09/2022

A major energy shock could undermine inflationary progress

07/07/2023

29/11/2023

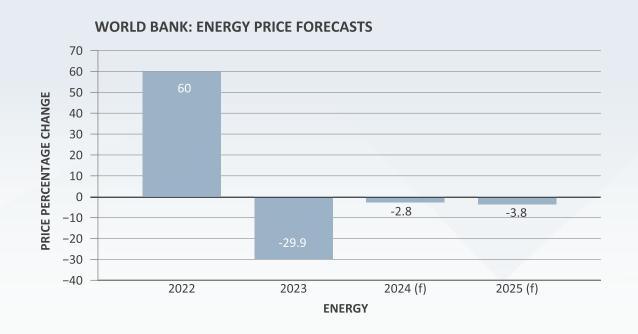
10/02/2023

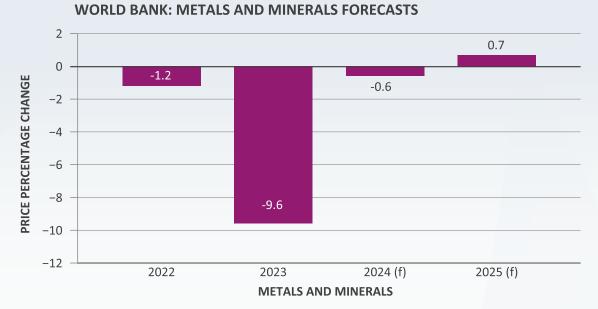
Middle East risk maintains price premium on some commodities

24/04/2024









World Bank: Middle East tensions to quell disinflationary commodity price trends....

Energy price deflation to ease, but tensions pose upside risks

Commodity prices forecast to decline but remain 38% above pre-pandemic level

Base metal prices expected to remain steady amid subdued demand Despite subdued global GDP growth, high commodity prices persist

Heightened geopolitical tension seen as primary risk for commodities



VACANCIES IN CONSTRUCTION (SA)





With growing spare capacity in the market, demand for labour has softened

AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS (UK CONSTRUCTION) SEASONALLY ADJUSTED





Wage growth normalising but structural shortages and constraints remain

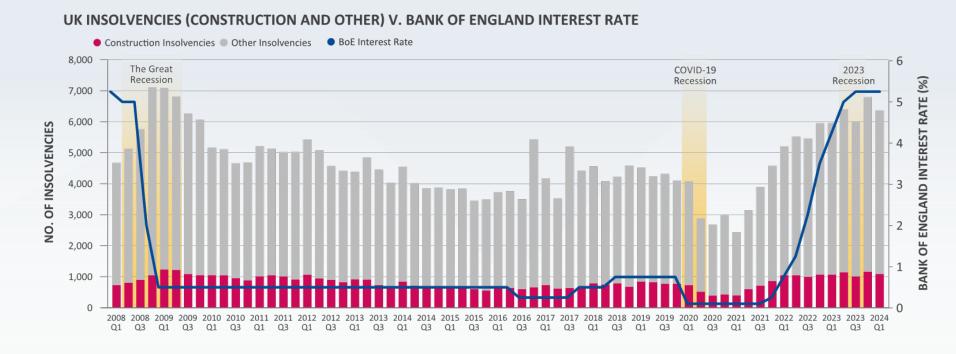
Source: ONS GARDINER & THEOBALD | 16

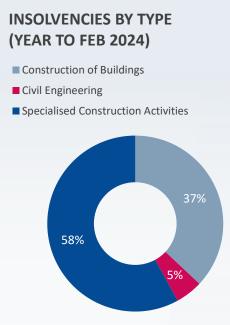


SPOTLIGHT: THE RISE OF CONSTRUCTION INSOLVENCIES & MEP PRESSURES









Rising insolvency rates, and their potential ripple effects, considered the biggest risk to the industry....

4,403 construction firms went out of business in the year to Feb 2024 – **5.4%** higher than a year ago

Smaller specialist firms account for most of the insolvencies over the past year

6,141 construction companies are in 'critical financial distress' – up **38.6%** in Q1 2024

Sub-contractor insolvency seen as number one risk by Main Contractors, tempering appetites for fixed price contracts



Price pressures and capacity constraints in the Tier 1 MEP supply chain fuel a burgeoning bubble...



DEMAND LED CHANGE

- More complex, integrated MEP installations
- MEP intensive projects (ie Data Centres and Life Science) absorbing market capacity



SUPPLY LED CHANGE

- Loss of Tier 1 capacity and supplier consolidation impacting the market
- Material supply disruption (ie Red Sea conflict and trade embargoes)



PRICE IMPACT

- Specialist MEP items continue to see high inflation
- **Enhanced MEP** preliminaries to de-risk projects and limited design deliverables



MITIGATION

- Proactive planning and tender list selection to reflect the live market push and pull
- Early design stage involvement of selected MEP contractors, potential MEP PCSA

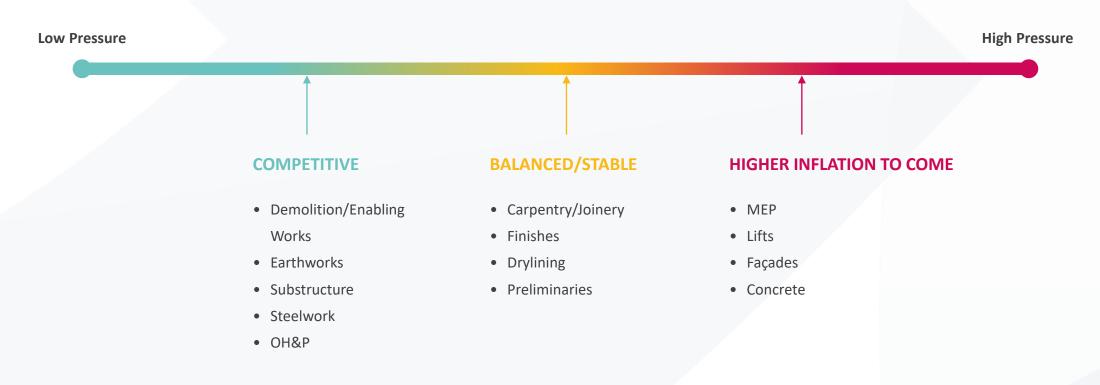


TRENDS IN KEY TRADES











MARKET CONDITIONS & KEY TRENDS



In our latest TPI, we noted the following market conditions in the UK construction sector:

READ OUR LATEST REPORT (>)

Finance for new developments
likely to remain constrained until
interest rates start to fall

Market activity **not yet translating** into substantial development commitments. General election uncertainty is also a headwind

Market conditions vary drastically by sector as contractors shift their focus to where demand is high

Building Safety Act presents uncertainty in project commencement dates and additional pre-contract costs

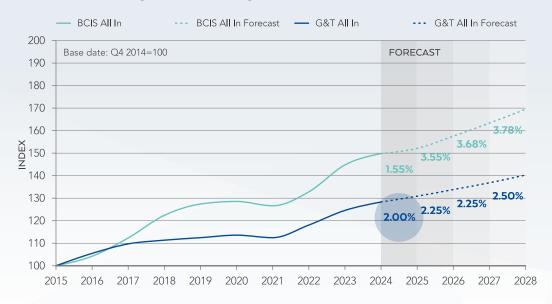
Contractors looking to fill
2025 pipeline, but a general
lack of capacity means
contractors remain selective

Material prices have stabilised, with little aggregate price movement over the last quarter Contractors seeking earliest possible visibility/
engagement on pipeline opportunities

Ongoing concern that **geopolitical tensions** could disrupt supply



TENDER PRICE TREND 'ALL UK TPI'



TENDER PRICE ANNUAL PERCENTAGE CHANGE Q2 2024

| % | 2024 | | 2025 | | 2026 | | 2027 | |
|--|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|-------|---------|
| Regional forecasts | Now | Last* | Now | Last* | Now | Last* | Now | Last* |
| Greater London | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.25 | 2.25 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 |
| South East | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.25 | 2.25 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 |
| South West | 2.00 | 2.25 | 2.00 | 2.50 | 2.00 | 2.25 | 2.00 | 2.25 |
| East (Anglia) | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 |
| Midlands | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.50 | 2.00 | 2.50 | 2.00 |
| Wales | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.25 | 2.25 | 2.50 | 2.50 |
| Yorks & Humber | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.25 | 2.25 | 2.50 | 2.25 | 2.50 |
| North West | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.25 | 2.50 |
| North East | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.25 | 2.00 | 2.50 | 2.50 |
| Scotland | 2.75 | 2.75 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.25 | 2.25 | 2.25 | 2.25 |
| Northern Ireland | 2.25 | 2.25 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 |
| UK Weighted Average | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.25 | 2.25 | 2.25 | 2.25 | 2.50 | 2.50 |
| Our forward forwards about any survey tondow being inflation (Law Day) | | | | | | | Last* | 1Q 2024 |

Our forward forecasts show annual tender price inflation (Jan-Dec)

UK AVERAGE

Tender Price Forecast (2024)

LONDON

Tender Price Forecast (2024)

While construction costs remain elevated, inflation is stabilising, mirroring the headline measure of inflation in the wider economy...

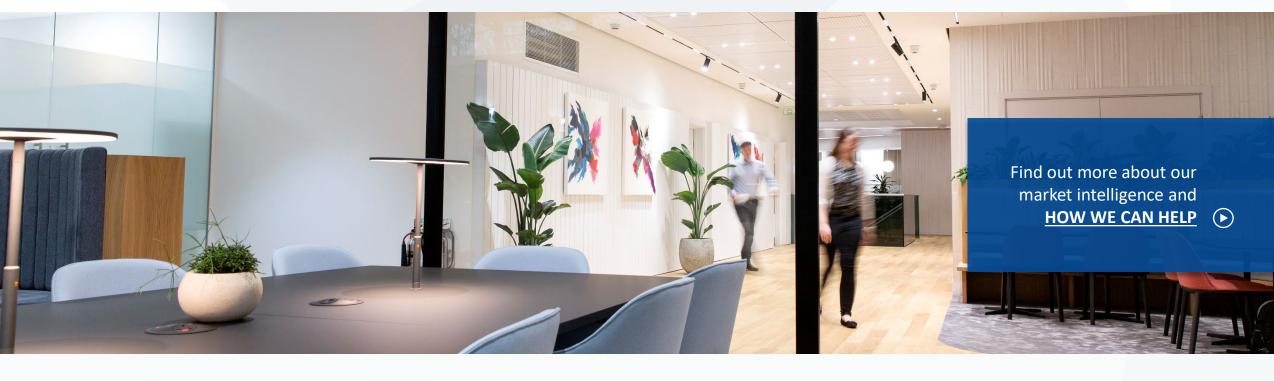
Contractor pricing has become more consistent compared to 2023 and tenders are being held subject to lower inflationary allowances. However, inflationary pressures continue to outweigh deflationary drivers and various geopolitical factors pose an upside risk on some imported materials.



KEY TAKEAWAYS









Material prices have stabilised, but risk of isolated cost spikes remains



Labour market remains tight but is becoming more balanced



Interest rate drop could unlock funding and release new projects



Potential buying window as contractors seek to **secure** pipeline/turnover

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