

English	Writing		
	***************************************	Reading	Language Analysis
	-Write for a specific audience and purpose (short text and reflective commentary) - Select and produce an appropriate structure especially for longer pieces of writing - Demonstrate appropriate and effective use of paragraphs and specific effects	-Identify and comment on characteristic features of texts relating these to the audience, context and purpose of the texts - Compare linguistic elements and style of own writing with those of a given text -Read a given text and write a directed response using quotations and evidence to produce accurate and meaningful commentaries -Recognise the importance of audience and the effect of context, genre and purpose with regard to meaning of texts -Select and define words and phrases with accuracy and care	-Evaluate and respond to given transcript (featuring language spoken between certain ages) - Analyse how language is used (in the transcript) -Relate observations to ideas and examples from deeper and wider study of language acquisition
Mathematics	Pure Mathematics 1	Mechanics	Pure Mathematics 2
	Quadratics	Statics	Algebra
	 Completing the square Solve quadratic equations and quadratic inequalities Solve by substitution a pair of simultaneous equations Functions	 Resolve forces into orthogonal components Calculate the magnitude and direction of the 'Resultant' Calculate the magnitude and direction of the 'Resultant' Use Newton's laws to solve statics problems 	 Modulus functions Working with polynomials Factor theorem and remainder theorem Logarithms Logarithms and powers

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- Understand the terms function, domain, range, one-one function, inverse function and composition of functions
- Illustrate in graphical terms the relation between a one-one function and its inverse
- Understand and use the transformations of the graph

Coordinate geometry

- Find the equation of a straight line when given sufficient information
- Understand the equation of a circle and how to find the coordinates of its centre and radius r

Circular measure

- -Understand the definition of a radian, and Use the relationship between radians and degrees
- Solve problems concerning the arc length and sector area of a circle

Trigonometry

- Sketch and use graphs of the sine, cosine and tangent functions

Kinematics

- Understand that 'Displacement' is a vector quantity, and that 'Distance' is the scalar equivalent
- Know and understand that 'Velocity' is a vector quantity that is the 'Rate of change of displacement', and that 'Speed' is the scalar equivalent
- Solve problems involving constant acceleration using the SUVAT equations
- Sketch displacement-time and velocity-time graphs
- Linear Momentum
- Solve problems involving collisions and explosions

Action of resultant forces

- Use Newton's laws
- The concept of Weight and use of the equation $W=m{\rm g}$
- Perfect connectors
- Coefficient of dynamic friction

Energy, work and power

- Concepts of energy and work
- Kinetic energy and potential energy

- Logarithms laws
- Solving equations using logarithms

Sequences and Series

- Pascal's triangle
- Binomial expansion
- Finding terms in binomial expansion
- Arithmetic and geometric sequences, finding the nth term and the sum of terms
- Convergence and sum to infinity

Trigonometry

- Secant, cosecant and cotangent functions
- Double angle formula
- Compound angle formula
- Solving trigonometric equations
- Proving trigonometric identities

Differentiation

- Differentiate products and quotients use the derivatives of In , sin , cos , tan
- Find and use the first derivative of a function, which is defined parametrically or implicitly



	 Find all the solutions of simple trigonometrical equations Differentiation Understand that the gradient of a curve at a point is the limit of the gradients of a suitable sequence of chords Apply differentiation to gradients, tangents and normals Integration Evaluate definite integrals and use definite integration to find the area of a region bounded by a curve 	- Solve problems using the conservation of energy - Know and understand that 'Power' is the rate at which work is done	Integration - Extend the idea of 'reverse differentiation' Use trigonometrical relationships in carrying out integration - Understand and use the trapezium rule to estimate the value of a definite integral Numerical methods - Locate approximately a root of an equation, by means of graphical considerations and/or searching for a sign change - use iterative formula to determine a root of an equation
Physics	Newton's Laws - Understand SI units and multipliers Understand errors Understand scalars, vectors, components and resultants Understand Newton's Laws Be able to demonstrate a practical — application regarding the origin of force and Newton's Laws.	Electrical current, basic circuits and resistivity - Understand the nature of electric current. - Understand Ohm's law. - Understand resistivity. - Understand basic circuits. - Understand electromotive force and internal resistance. - Be able to demonstrate a practical application of resistivity and basic	Circular motion and Simple harmonic motion (SHM) - Understand circular motion Understand the nature of SHM Understand modelling of SHM Understand damping and Resonance Be able to demonstrate a practical application of circular motion, SHM and resonance.

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		circuits.	
	Momentum, density and moments		Kinetic theory of gases and the ideal gas
		Nuclear physics, fundamental particles and	equation
	- Understand momentum transfer	radioactivity	
	between bodies.		- Understand kinetic theory of gases.
	- Understand density.	- Understand basic nuclear physics.	- Understand the ideal gas equation.
	- Understand moments	- Understand fundamental particles.	- Be able to demonstrate a practical
	- Be able to demonstrate a practical	- Understand the nature of	application of kinetic theory and
	application of momentum transfer and	radioactivity.	the ideal gas equation.
	moments.	- Understand radioactive decay.	
		- Be able to demonstrate a practical	Revision of AS level syllabus and examination
	Stress, strain and the Young Modulus	application of fundamental particles and radioactive decay.	preparation.
	- Understand Hooke's law.	particles and radioactive accept	
	- Understand stress, strain and the		
	Young Modulus.		
	- Understand the different classes of		
	Materials.		
	- Be able to demonstrate a practical		
	application of Hooke's law, stress,		
	strain and the Young Modulus.		
Biology	Biological molecules	Disease and immunity	Bioenergetics
	- Understand water and inorganic mineral	- Understand disease.	- Understand respiration.
	ions.	- Understand immunity.	- Understand photosynthesis.
	- Understand monomers and polymers.		
	- Understand the function of carbohydrates.	Genetic information	Coordination in organisms
	- Understand the role of proteins.		

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- Understand	the ro	ole of	lipids.
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- Understand the role of nucleic acids.
- Understand the role of Adenosine Triphosphate (ATP) and Adenosine Diphosphate (ADP) in biology.

Cell ultrastructure

- Understand cells.
- Understand the functions of a microscope.
- Understand cell division.
- Understand cell membranes and transport across cell membranes.

Exchange of substances

- Understand the exchange of substances between organisms and the environment,
- Understand the process of gaseous exchange in animals.
- Understand the process of gaseous exchange in plants.
- Understand mass transport in animals.
- Understand the method of transport in plants.
- Understand digestion and absorption.

- Understand DNA and protein synthesis.
- Understand genetic diversity.
- Understand classification and species diversity.
- Understand response to stimuli.
- Understand nervous coordination and muscles as effectors.
- Understand homeostasis and chemical coordination.



Business Studies

Introduction to business and enterprise

- -Examine the purpose of basic business objectives such as: (i) cash flow, (ii) profit, (iii) opportunity cost and growth, (iv) corporate responsibility, and (v) social responsibility.
- -Describe the role of business objectives at individual, departmental and corporate levels.
- -Assess the stages of business decision making, including motivations and methods behind their execution.
- -Explore the reasons influencing success and failures of an early on business.
- -Describe the role of an entrepreneur in economic growth.
- -Examine the variations of social enterprise. Assess the different types of profit measures and aims within business.
- -Determine the motivations and methods involved in the execution of objective decision making.
- -Discuss major forms of business and their patterns of evolution.
- -Examine the importance of limited and unlimited liability.
- -Assess the influence of stakeholders on businesses and the techniques and used for it. -Determine the major methods of measuring the size of a business such as: (i) number of

Introduction to Marketing

- -Compare marketing and corporate objectives.
- -Examine main factors impacting services of businesses and their consequences.
- -Examine the role of demand and supply in determining market price.

Compare features of different types of market including (i) national, (ii) regional, and (iii) international market.

- -Explain bases of market segmentation and the limitations associated with them.
- -Compare primary and secondary research methods.
- -Examine strengths and limitations of major ways of information gathering and sampling methods.
- -Examine major types of strategies and promotional methods used in marketing mix model.
- -Summarise the strengths and limitations associated with main distribution channels.
- -Examine the role of a limitations and efficient marketing mix in a business.

Introduction to Project and Operations Management

Introduction to Accounting

- -Compare the purpose and basic features of working and start-up capital.
- -Describe features of short term and long term finance.
- -Examine the significance of work capital in business finance.
- -Explain the impact of a legal structure on sources of finance.
- -Explore the features of internal and external sources of finance.
- -Examine strengths & limitations of contribution, full costing and gross margin.
- -Discuss the purpose of income statements and statement of financial position.
- -Summarise methods of ratio analysis and their role in improving a business.
- -Evaluate key users of the account and the limitations associated with them.
- -Examine the purpose and implementation of cash forecasts.

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employees, (ii) market share, (iii) turnover, and (iv) amount of capital employed.

- -Explain the freedom and limitations associated with small businesses within a market.
- -Discuss the relationship between small and large scale businesses in an industry.

Introduction to Organisational Behaviour

- -Analyse the purpose of management while exploring Mintzberg's managerial roles. Compare different types of leadership styles such as: (i) democratic, (ii) autocratic, (iii) laissez-faire, and (iv) McGregor's leadership styles.
- -Examine the role of major leadership roles within a business.
- -Explain the significance of developed emotional intelligence in leadership.
- -Summarise key purposes of motivation within a business.
- -Compare concepts of main motivation theories such as: (i) equity, (ii) reinforcement, (iii) two factor, and (iv) ERG theory. Compare main features of financial vs nonfinancial motivations.
- -Investigate the causes of problems arising from poor communication, in an organisation

- -Compare key types of transformation processes in operation management.
- -Judge how the impact of operations management overlaps with effectiveness and productivity.
- -Examine the indicators of effective business operations.
- -Explore the strengths and limitations of labour and capital intensives.
- -Examine the methods and purpose to control inventory management.
- -Examine key factors influencing operational based decisions.
- -Examine the role of flexibility and innovation within operations planning.
- -Compare major operational planning methods.

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	of your choice and recommend possible		
	solutions.		
	-Apply remedial and structural change		
	concepts to any developing organisation of		
	your choice.		
	Use main methods of measuring employee		
	performance to evaluate given organisation's		
	structure.		
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Economics	Basic economic ideas and resource allocation	Government microeconomic intervention	Government macroeconomic intervention
	define Scarcity, choice and opportunity cost		
		-Understand the concept of market failure	-Understand that fiscal policy is the use of
	-Explain how opportunity cost results from the	- Explain why governments may intervene in	taxation and government spending to manage
	need to make choices	markets to address non-provision of public	aggregate demand (AD) in order to achieve
	- Understand Economic methodology	goods, overconsumption of demerit goods	the government's macroeconomic objectives
	- Understand the nature of the four factors of	and underconsumption of merit goods	- Understand that the government's annual
	production: land, labour, capital, enterprise	- Analyse why governments may set maximum	budget is a statement of its fiscal policy
	- Understand the difference between positive	prices or minimum prices in the market	- Explain that a budget deficit arises when
	statements and normative statements	- Analyse how indirect taxes and subsidies	government spending is greater than tax
	- Use the term ceteris paribus to describe a	affect the demand and supply of products in	revenue and a budget surplus arises when tax
	situation where 'other things remain equal' or	the market	revenue exceeds government spending
	unchanged	- Understand the situations when	- Understand that the national debt is total
	- Understand division of labour and	governments may need to impose maximum	government debt built up over time
	specialization. ROle of entrepreneur	and minimum price controls	- Understand that monetary policy seeks to
	- Understand the roles of government and the	- Analyse the importance of buffer stock	influence aggregate demand (AD) by affecting
	market in the three types of economic	schemes in smoothing price rises and falls of	the price and quantity of money
	system: market, planned, mixed	products	- Explain the main tools of monetary policy:
	- Understand that a production possibility	- Describe the difference between income and	interest rates, money supply, credit
	curve (PPC) shows the maximum level of	wealth	regulations

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output that an economy can achieve given current resources and state of technology

- Explain why production is efficient at any point on the PPC
- Classification of goods and services

The price system and the microeconomy

- -Describe the market mechanism
- Understand that the buying side of the market is demand
- Construct a demand curve for an individual firm or for an entire market
- Explain the factors that affect demand
- Understand that the selling side of the market is supply
- -Understand the concept of elasticity and the difference between elastic and inelastic demand
- Describe price elasticity of demand (PED) and calculate PED
- Explain the factors affecting PED
- Describe the concept of price elasticity of supply (PES) and calculate PES
- Explain the factors influencing PES
- The interaction of demand and supply
- Consumer and producer surplus

- Understand that income is flow of the return to factors of production
- Understand that wealth is the stock of accumulated assets
- Explain that the Gini coefficient can be used to measure the extent of income inequality in an economy
- Explain the economic reasons for inequality of income and wealth

The macroeconomy

- -Explain that national income statistics measure a country's economic activity in terms of its output, income and expenditure
- Understand that gross domestic product (GDP) is the output produced in a country whoever produces it
- Understand that gross national income (GNI) is the total income earned by the country's residents wherever they earn it
- Understand that net national income (NNI) is GNI minus depreciation
- Explain the three methods used to calculate GDP: output method, income method, expenditure method
- Describe how the circular flow of income shows how income flows around the economy

- Differentiate between expansionary monetary policy that aims to increase AD and contractionary monetary policy that aims to reduce AD or the growth of AD
- Define the meaning of supply-side policy in terms of its effects on LRAS curves.
- Understand the objective of supply side policies to increase aggregate supply by improving the workings of product and factor markets

International economic issues

lower opportunity cost

- -Explain how a country may have absolute advantage when it can produce a product using fewer resources than another country -Explain how a country has a comparative advantage when it can produce a product at a
- -Explain that the terms of trade is a measure of the ratio of export prices and import prices
- Explain why the effect of changes in the terms of trade depends on their cause
- Consider the limitations of absolute and comparative advantage
- Understand that protectionism is when governments seek to protect domestic industries from foreign competition
- Analyse the impact of the different tools of protection



	- Explain how income flows between	- Discuss the arguments for and against
	households, firms and the government in a	protectionism
	closed economy	- Identify the components of a country's
	- Explain that aggregate demand (AD) consists	balance of payments
	of consumer expenditure (C), investment (I),	- Describe the components of the current
	government spending (G), net exports (X – M)	account of the balance of payments
	- Identify the determinants that influence the	- Calculate the balance of trade in goods, in
	components of AD	services and in goods and services and overall
	- Understand that the AD curve slopes down	current account balance
	from left to right and shows the different	- Understand that an exchange rate is the
	quantities of total demand for the economy's	price of one currency in terms of a foreign
	products at different prices	currency
	- Analyse the causes of a shift to the right in	- Explain how a floating exchange rate is
	the AD curve	determined by demand for and supply of the
	- Describe economic growth as a key indicator	currency
	of macroeconomic performance	- Explain why a depreciation is a fall in the
	- Explain how economic growth is measured	price of a currency whereas an appreciation is
	by changes of GDP	a rise in the price of a currency
	- Understand that nominal GDP has not been	- Explain how fiscal policy tools may be used
	adjusted for inflation; real GDP has been	to reduce a current account deficit on the
	adjusted for inflation	balance of payments
	- Understand that unemployment occurs	- Explain how monetary policy tools may be
	when people who are willing and able to find	used to reduce a current account surplus
	work cannot find a job	
	- Explain the difference between people who	
	are economically active and economically	
	inactive	
	- Explain the difference between the level of	
	employment and the rate of employment	
	- Calculate the rate of unemployment	



Psychology	Approaches and questions in psychology.	 Understand that price stability occurs when prices rise by only a small percentage and there is an avoidance of fluctuations in the price level Distinguish between inflation as a rise in the price level, deflation as a fall in the price level and disinflation as a fall in the inflation rate Calculate the inflation rate using the annual average method and the year-on-year method Discuss the benefits and disadvantages of inflation. Psychological investigation	Understand issues and debates in psychology
	-Explain what is meant by 'behaviour', 'the mind' and 'experience'Evaluate whether psychology is a scientific disciplineExplain the difference between psychology and sociology or anthropologyExamine the links between psychology with other disciplinesExplain the principal features the biological, behavioural, cognitive, psychodynamic and humanist psychological approachesEvaluate the strengths and weaknesses of the different approaches as an explanation for human behaviourExplain how each approach can be applied to aspects of everyday human behaviour.	-Explain the main features of each research - methodExplain the difference between internal validity and external validity and generalisabilityExplain what is meant by test-retest reliability, inter-observer reliability and interrater reliabilityEvaluate the extent to which each method is reliable and/or validExplain the difference between quantitative and qualitative dataEvaluate the contribution of each method to the body of psychological knowledgeEvaluate different types of experimental design (independent measures, matched pairs and repeated measures).	-Examine the nature/nurture debate in psychology. -Explain what are idiographic and nomothetic approaches in psychology. -Evaluate the extent to which each approach may be described as deterministic or allow for free will. - Evaluate how successful psychologists have been in avoiding cultural or gender bias. -Examine the extent to which each approach may be described as reductionist.

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-Evaluate whether key studies illustrate or support each approach.

-Explain the principal methods used to investigate each approach.

-Examine when and why studying and/or combining different approaches is useful in understanding behaviour.

-Explain what the various components of the human brain and central nervous system are.

-Explain how the central nervous system and endocrine system operate in the human body.

-Evaluate the nature and function of endorphins, serotonin, dopamine, adrenaline, testosterone and oestrogen in the human body.

-Explain what is meant by transduction and how it applies to human perception.

-Explain when the use of an experimental design might be appropriate.

-Explain the difference between independent variables, dependent variables and extraneous variables.

-Examine what the different kinds of variables in a particular experimental design are.

-Explain what is meant by operationalisation in respect of independent and dependent variables.

-Explain what is meant by controlling variables, uncontrolled variables, participant variables and situational variables.

-Evaluate when and how to use directional (one-tail), non-directional (two-tail) and null hypotheses.

-Examine what would be an appropriate hypothesis for a given situation.

-Explain the difference between samples and populations.

-Evaluate the nature and strengths of opportunity sampling, random sampling and self-selection (volunteer sampling).

-Explain the terms 'measure of central tendency' and 'measure of spread.'
Evaluate the mean, mode, median and range for a given set of data.

-Examine what the *standard deviation* and *normal distribution* in a set of data are.



		amine how to find the data contained in	
		charts, histograms and scatter grams.	
		plain the core ethical considerations that	
	· · ·	oly when working with humans and	
		mals.	
		aluate how far psychological studies have	
		nplied with ethical guidelines.	
Art	Personal Portfolio		Personal Portfolio
	Students will record ideas, observations and insights	relevant to intentions as work progresses.	Component 1:
	They will be able to:		Coursework – 25%
	-Use line to accurately record shape and p	proportion	Coursework - 23/0
	-Use graduated tone and mark making te	chniques to describe volume and texture	Students will independently be choosing a
	-Use a camera to record a subject with emphasis on technical ability		theme to base their portfolio of work.
			The inch single control of the management
	-Record their thoughts and ideas as work	develops using subject specific language	Their choice can be a response from several
	-Demonstrate skill in recording observations show intentions effectively	ons from a variety of relevant sources and	starting points or based on an area of their own personal interest.
	Students will explore and select appropriate resourc	es, media, materials, techniques and	Students will work in accordance with the
	processes. They will be able to:	•	Assessment Objectives 1,2,3 and 4. Through
	-Use artistic processes to develop and ex	xtend ideas	producing observational studies, artist
	-Experiment with relevant combinations	s of media, materials, techniques, processes	research and developmental studies and
	and compositions		finally completing their final piece.
	-Reflect on their ideas as they develop		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	-Select the most appropriate material fo	or the purpose of their study	
	-Refine their handling of materials as the	·	The Final piece will be started and completed
	-Demonstrate excellent exploration of m	nedia, materials, techniques and processes,	within the mock exam. This will support and
	showing effective selection of releva	ant sources	prepare the students for the Externally Set
	<u> </u>		Assignment, where they will have 15 hours to
			7.555 miche they will have 15 hours to

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	Students will develop ideas through investigatio	n, demonstrating critical understanding. They	produce their final piece under exam
	will be able to:	, ,	conditions.
	artists -Produce transcriptions to show und	rbally, their understanding of the work of other derstanding of artists' techniques and methods	Component 2: External Assignment (EXAM)
	 -Incorporate the style and traditions -Use subject specific key words to an an arrow used the experience of gallery -Demonstrate excellent development 	Begins in January 25%	
	effective critical understanding		
	Students will present a personal and coherent re	·	
	demonstrates an understanding of visual langua		
	-Produce personalised outcomes that to source materials		
	-Show clear and confident evidence		
	-Appreciate the importance of resol	ving the project with a final piece or pieces	
	ready for exhibition		
	-Present their work on A2 boards in	preparation for external assessment	
	-Apply visual elements as practised i	in earlier development stages skilfully in final	
	outcomes		
	Demonstrate excellent realisation of intervisual language.		
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Computer	Information and Data Representations	Hardware and Virtual Machines	System Software
Science	- Understand data representation in the	- Understand the purpose of computers and	- demonstrating a theoretical understanding
	context of	their components.	and practical applications of operating system
	binary and character sets.	- Be able to demonstrate a practical	and language translators.
	- Understand ways in which multimedia is	application of hardware and virtual machines.	- Understanding the fundamentals of system

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represented through graphics and sound.

- Understand the principles of data compression.
- Be able to demonstrate a practical application of information and data representations.
- Understand the concepts of user-defined data types
- Understand the principles of file organisation and

Access

- Understand floating-point numbers, representation, and manipulation

Communication and Internet Technologies

- Understand networks including the internet (Introduction to types of networks, hardware, and data transmission)
- Understand different communication protocols and their purposes.
- Understand the principles of circuit and packet switching

Processor Fundamental

- Understand processor fundamentals.
- Be able to demonstrate a practical application of processor fundamentals.

software.

- Be able to demonstrate a practical application of system software.

Security, Privacy, and Data Integrity

The aim of this subject content is to enable learners to demonstrate a theoretical understanding and applications of data security and data integrity.

- Understand the fundamentals of security, privacy, and data integrity.

Ethics and Ownership

Aim

- demonstrate a theoretical understanding and applications of copyright and artificial intelligence
- understand the applications of ethnics and ownership.