Connecting Communities: Integrating Transportation and Recreation Networks International Trails Symposium — April 2019





U.S.Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

USDOT Strategic Plan Goals for FY 2018-2022

Safety

• Reduce Transportation-Related Fatalities and Serious Injuries Across the Transportation System.

Infrastructure

 Invest in Infrastructure to Ensure Mobility and Accessibility and to Stimulate Economic Growth, Productivity, and Competitiveness for American Workers and Businesses.

Innovation

• Lead in the Development and Deployment of Innovative Practices and Technologies that Improve the Safety and Performance of the Nation's Transportation System.

Accountability

• Serve the Nation with Reduced Regulatory Burden and Greater Efficiency, Effectiveness, and Accountability.

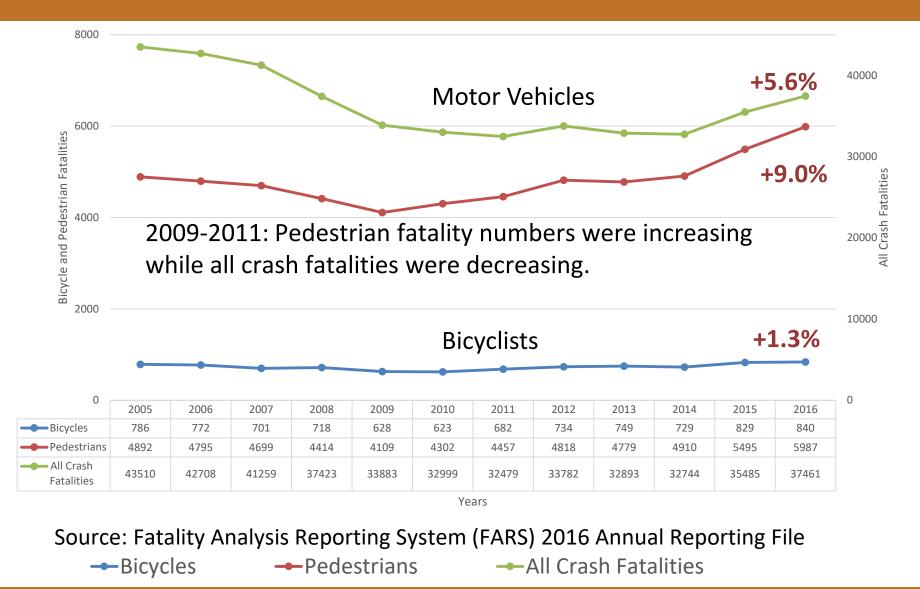
Youth Corps and Workforce Development MAP-21 Section 1524

- DOT encourages States to have contracts and cooperative agreements with qualified Youth Service and Conservation Corps.
- Corps work on recreational trails, pedestrian and bicycle projects, safe routes to school.
- Corps provide workforce development training.
- Agencies can sole source to qualified Corps.
- <u>https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/transportation_alter</u> <u>natives/guidance/youth_workforcedev_2018.cfm</u>





Highway Fatalities



4

Connecting Communities: Integrating Transportation and Recreation

- We can connect and integrate transportation and recreation infrastructure.
- Trails: spines for transportation networks.
- Transportation and Recreation isn't either/or!



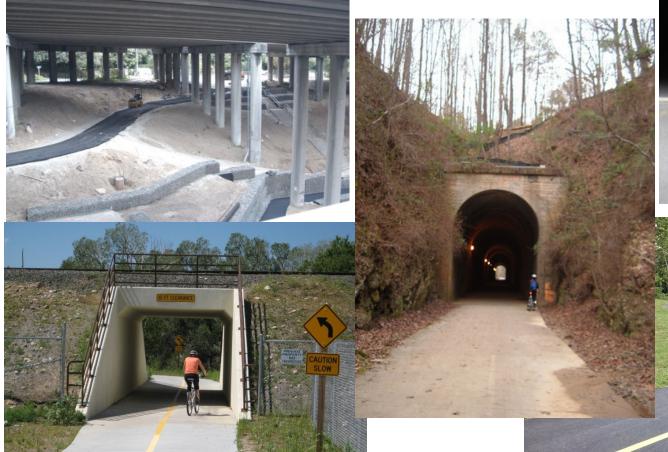
Bridges and Tunnels: Essential Links for Networks

- Long life spans: Plan for future demand, use, and reuse.
- Bridges connect communities.



Bridges and Tunnels: Essential Links for Networks

- Reconnect communities.
- Tunnels and underpasses.





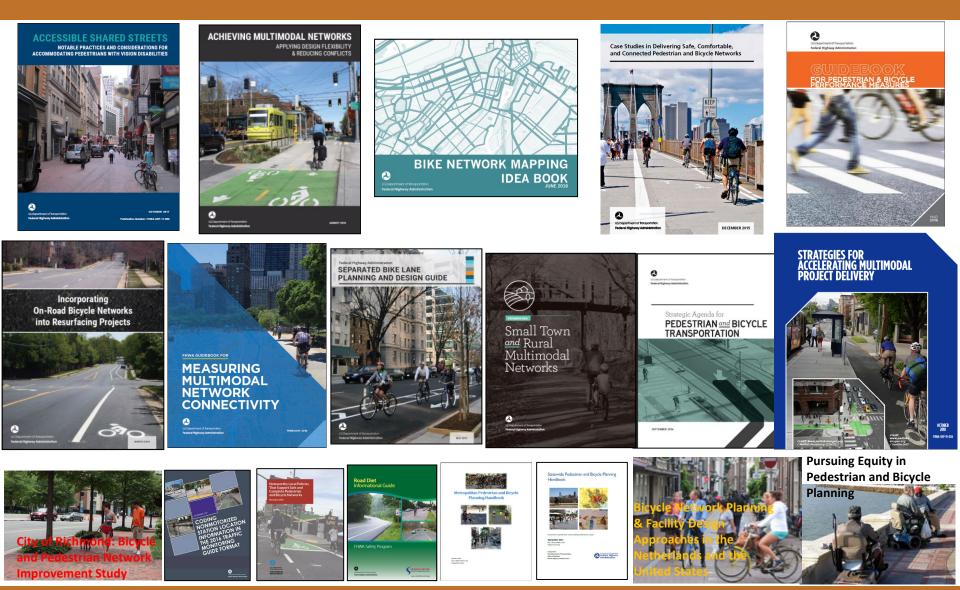


Recreational trails used for transportation

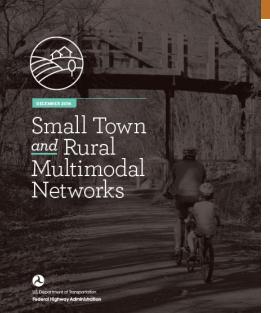
- Rail-trails and other shared use paths.
- No Federal law or regulation requires pavement, (accessibility requires "firm and stable").
- No Federal law or regulation prohibits equestrian use.



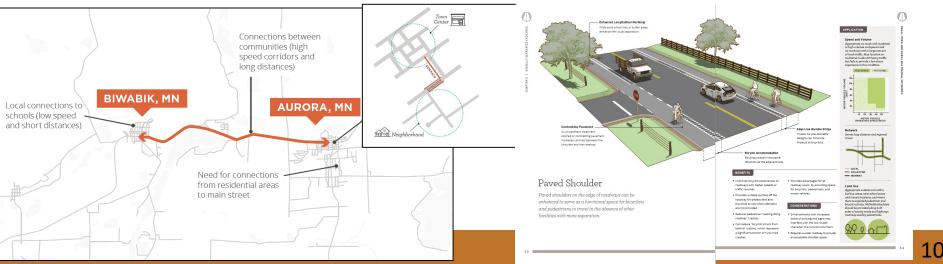
FHWA Pedestrian and Bicycle Resources: 2013-2018 www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/bicycle_pedestrian



Small Town and Rural Multimodal Networks



- Bicycle and pedestrian design in a rural context.
- Encourages innovation in development of safe and appealing networks for bicycling and walking.
- Examples of peer communities and project implementation.



Strategies for Accelerating Multimodal Project Delivery

STRATEGIES FOR ACCELERATING MULTIMODAL PROJECT DELIVERY



- Identifies specific strategies and techniques to accelerate multimodal project delivery.
- Proven techniques that agencies are using to get high quality results
- Reduce barriers and delays in the project delivery process.

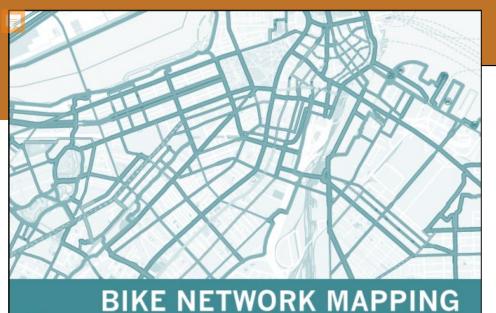
Achieving Multimodal Networks: Applying Design Flexibility and Reducing Conflicts

ACHIEVING MULTIMODAL NETWORKS APPLYING DESIGN FLEXIBILITY & REDUCING CONFLICTS



Provide design flexibility, while reducing multimodal conflicts and achieving connected networks.

- Help practitioners address topics such as:
 - Intersection design
 - Road diets
 - Pedestrian crossing treatments
 - Transit and school access
 - Freight
 - Accessibility



MAP BASICS

Common approaches for bicycle infrastructure planning maps are highlighted below. The maps that follow demonstrate these general approaches to varying degrees.

(1) COMMON INFORMATION LAYERS

BIKE NETWORK LAYERS

Specific Facility Types

 Bike path, bike lane, buffered bike lane, bike boulevard, separated bike lane, greenway, etc.

OR

IDEA BOOK

JUNE 2016

Flexible Facility Types

· On-street vs. off-street bikeway systems

proposed.

Outline

existing

proposed

PROPOSED VS. EXISTING NETWORK

Identify ways to clearly denote

what is existing and what is being

- LOCAL CONTEXT LAYERS Transit lines & stations
- Bikeshare stations · Community amenities: Schools.
- universities, libraries, community centers, hospitals etc.
- Building footprints
- Specific land use functions, such as
- - commercial uses
 - Study areas or corridors

(2) REPRESENTING DIFFERENT TYPES OF INFORMATION

Dashed

existing

proposed

COLOR SCHEME

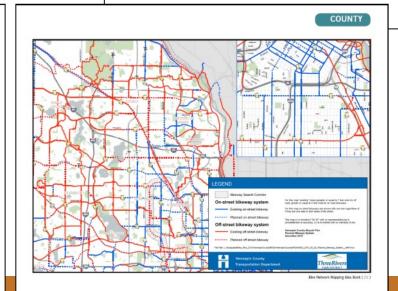
· Consider how color will play a role in highlighting the bicycle network. Bright, saturated colors stand out against softer and more subdued tones.

LEVEL OF INFORMATION

- · Carefully consider the amount of information used to tell the story. More information can help, but it can also be overwhelming if not organized in a seamless way.
- · Small icons and symbols can help to identify points of interest in a less obtrusive way









- Streets Waterbodies
- City boundaries
- Labels

[20] Bike Network Mapping Idea Book

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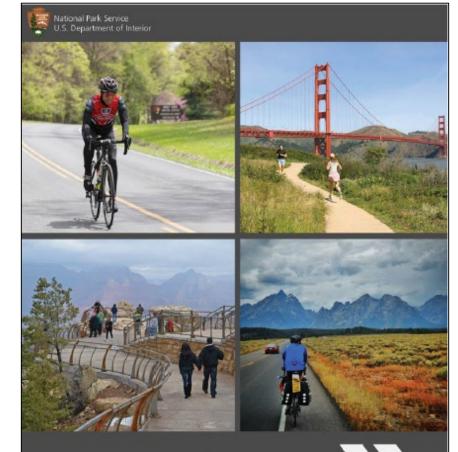
Measuring Multimodal Network Connectivity National Park Service Active Transportation Guidebook



MEASURING MULTIMODAL NETWORK CONNECTIVITY

U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

FEBRUARY 2018



National Park Service Active Transportation Guidebook

A Resource on Supporting Walking and Bicycling for National Parks and their Partners

Proven Safety Countermeasures See safety.fhwa.dot.gov/provencountermeasures

Proven Safety Countermeasures

Select any of the following icons to learn more about the specific countermeasure







educed Left-Turn Conflict Intersections



<u>Systemic Application of</u> <u>Multiple Low Cost</u> <u>Countermeasures at Stop-</u> <u>Controlled Intersections</u>



Leading Pedestrian Interval





Enhanced Delineation and Friction for Horizontal



Backplates with Retroreflective Borders



Medians and Pedestrian Crossing Islands in Urban and Suburban Areas

Inhanced Defineation an Friction for Horizontal Curves







Pedestrian Hybrid Beacon







Dedicated Left- and <u>Right-Turn Lanes</u> at Intersections



Roundabouts

Median Barrier



Safety Edgesm





Pedestrian and Bicycle Funding Opportunities U.S. Department of Transportation Transit, Highway, and Safety Funds

Revised August 9, 2018

This table indicates potential eligibility for pedestrian and bicycle projects under U.S. Department of Transportation surface transportation funding programs. Additional restrictions may apply. See notes and basic program requirements below, and see program guidance for detailed requirements. Project sponsors should fully integrate nonmotorized accommodation into surface transportation projects. Section 1404 of the Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act modified 23 U.S.C. 109 to require federally-funded projects on the National Highway System to consider access for other modes of transportation, and provides greater design flexibility to do so.

Key: \$ = Funds may be used for this activity (restrictions may appl	.y). ~\$ = E T	lingible, t	out not c	ompet										ior restri	cuons.	
Activity or Project Type	Pedestrian and Bicycle Funding Opportunities U.S. Department of Transportation Transit, Highway, and Safety Funds															
	BUILD	INFRA	TIFIA	FIA	<u>A11</u>	<u>CMAQ</u>	<u>HSIP</u>	NHPP	STBG	<u>TA</u>	<u>RTP</u>	SRTS	PLAN	NHTSA <u>402</u>	NHTSA	(FLTTF
Access enhancements to public transportation (includes benches, bus pads)	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$						\$
ADA/504 Self Evaluation / Transition Plan								P	\$	\$	\$		\$			\$
Bicycle plans				\$					\$	\$		\$	\$			\$
Bicycle helmets (project or training related)									\$	\$SRTS		\$		\$*		
Bicycle helmets (safety promotion)									\$	\$SRTS		\$				
Bicycle lanes on road	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$				\$
Bicycle parking	~\$	~\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				\$
Bike racks on transit	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			\$	\$						\$
Bicycle repair station (air pump, simple tools)	~\$	~\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$			\$	\$						\$
Bicycle share (capital and equipment; not operations)	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$						\$
Bicycle storage or service centers (example: at transit hubs)	~\$	~\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$			\$	\$						\$
Bridges / overcrossings for pedestrians and/or bicyclists	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$*	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				\$
Bus shelters and benches	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$						\$
Coordinator positions (State or local)						\$ 1 per State			\$	\$srts		\$				
Crosswalks (new or retrofit)	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$*	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				\$
Curb cuts and ramps	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$	\$*	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				\$
Counting equipment				\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$*			\$
Data collection and monitoring for pedestrians and/or bicyclists				\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$*			\$
Historic preservation (pedestrian and bicycle and transit facilities)	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$				\$	\$				0		\$
Landscaping, streetscaping (pedestrian and/or bicycle route; transit access); related amenities (benches, water fountains); generally as part of a larger project	~\$	~\$	~\$	\$	\$			\$	\$	\$						\$
Lighting (pedestrian and bicyclist scale associated with pedestrian/bicyclist project)	\$	~\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				\$
Maps (for pedestrians and/or bicyclists)				\$	\$	\$			\$	\$		\$	\$*			
Paved shoulders for pedestrian and/or bicyclist use	\$	~\$	\$			\$*	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$				\$

Federal Transportation Program Sources for Trails

- Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Program (CMAQ)
- Surface Transportation Block Grant Program (STBG)
- Transportation Alternatives Set-Aside
- Recreational Trails Program (RTP)
- Federal Lands Transportation Program
- Federal Lands Access Program



Transportation Alternatives



- The TA Set-Aside authorizes funding for programs and projects defined as *transportation alternatives*, including:
- On- and off-road pedestrian and bicycle facilities, including trails for nonmotorized use.
- Community improvement activities:
 - Historic preservation
 - Vegetation management
- Environmental mitigation related to stormwater and habitat connectivity
- Recreational trail projects
- Safe routes to school projects



Transportation Alternatives



Eligible Project Sponsors

- Local governments;
- Regional transportation authorities;
- Transit agencies;
- Natural resource or public land agencies;
 - May include Federal, State, or local public land agencies
- School districts, local education agencies, or schools;
- Tribal governments;
- Nonprofit entity responsible for local transport safety programs;
- Any other local or regional governmental entity with responsibility for oversight of transportation or recreational trails (other than an MPO or a State agency) that the State determines to be eligible...
- RTP set-aside project sponsors determined by States.





Recreational Trails Program

- The RTP provides funds to the States to develop and maintain recreational trails for all trail uses.
 - Usually administered through a State resource agency.
 - Only FHWA program to support routine maintenance.
- States solicit and select projects for funding.
- States are encouraged to use <u>Youth Corps</u>.
- Represents a portion of the Federal motor fuel excise tax paid by OHV users (including snowmobilers).





Recreational Trails Program

Eligible RTP Projects

- Maintain and restore existing trails (and bridges).
- Develop and rehabilitate trailside and trailhead facilities.
- Purchase and lease trail construction and maintenance equipment.
- Construct new trails (limits on Federal lands).
- Acquire easements or property for trails (willing seller only: Condemnation is prohibited).
- Trail assessments for accessibility and maintenance.
- Trail safety and environmental protection education.
- State administrative costs.











Project Examples

Recreational Trails Program Annual Report

<u>https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/recreational_trails/</u>

Recreational Trails Program Database

- More than 24,500 project examples
- Searchable by State or project type
- Many examples for you to consider
- See http://recreationaltrailsinfo.org/

Trail Training

FHWA Cooperative Agreements to promote trail training.

- American Trails: National Trails Training Partnership
- Tread Lightly! and National Off-Highway Vehicle Conservation Council: OHV User Ethics and OHV Safety and Access Training
- American Council of Snowmobile Associations: Snowmobile Safety and Access Programs
- Bureau of Land Management: National Scenic and Historic Trail Inventory and Monitoring
- The Corps Network: Youth Service and Conservation Corps Workforce Development
- Partnership for the National Trails System:
 National Trails System Information, Corridor Protection, and Training



FHWA Contacts

Divisions: https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/about/field.cfm

Project Sponsors: Contact your State TA or RTP manager. States: Contact your FHWA Division office.

Transportation Alternatives:

www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/transportation_alternatives/

- State TA Manager contacts
- RTP: <u>www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/recreational_trails/</u>
 - State RTP Administrator contacts

National TA and RTP oversight: Christopher Douwes, Community Planner Transportation Alternatives Recreational Trails Program <u>christopher.douwes@dot.gov</u> 202-366-5013

