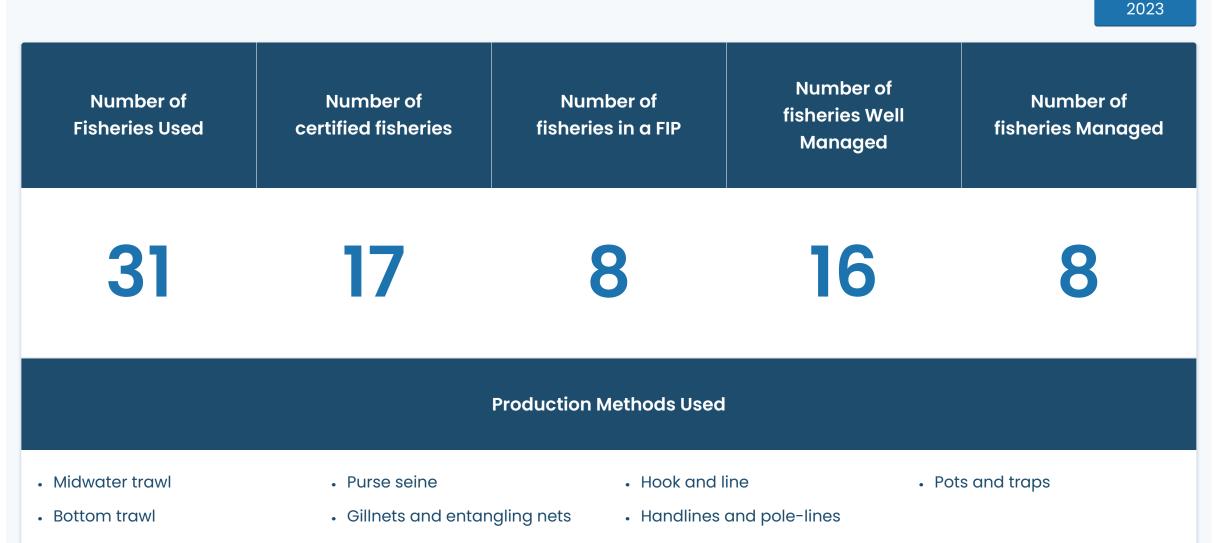
| Ocean Disclosure Project | Profiles | Why Participate? | How ODP Works | What's Included? | About Us | News |
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| | | | | | | |
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ALDI Australia

ALDI has proudly played a significant role in the Australian community since its first store opened in 2001. Today, ALDI has over 580 stores and 13,000 employees across our retail stores, distribution centres and corporate offices.

The ALDI core values of simplicity, consistency and responsibility guide us in everything we do to improve the livelihood of local businesses, create employment opportunities and deliver high quality, permanently low-priced products to Australians every day.



• Dredge

Summary

At ALDI, we are passionate about sustainable fish and seafood and providing our customers with product transparency. We have shown leadership in seafood transparency as the first Australian retailer to publicly disclose our sourcing information through the Ocean Disclosure Project (ODP). Since 2021, all ALDI branded products in our fish and seafood range must be responsibly sourced. This means that Australians can support responsible fishing and farming practices by shopping at ALDI.

ALDI's approach to responsible fish and seafood sourcing is based on continuous improvement. We collaborate with our suppliers to ensure greater traceability across our range and frequently review and improve the sustainability of our seafood products. ALDI's partnership with Sustainable Fisheries Partnership (SFP) helps us evaluate the sustainability of our range, develop innovative programs and strategies and strengthen our engagement with suppliers so we can improve production and manufacturing practices throughout our supply chain.

Our profile covers all ALDI branded wild caught fish and seafood in 2022.

Read more on ALDI's responsible fish and seafood sourcing practices here:

Mttps://www.aldi.com.au/en/sustainability/good-planet/sustainable-fish-and-seafood/

Associated Fisheries



Map data ©2023

Species and Location

Production Methods

Certification or Improvement Project

Sustainability Ratings

Notes



| Alaska pollock | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------|--------------|--------|
| Theragra | | | | |
| chalcogramma | Midwater trawl | Certified | Well managed | \sim |
| E Bering Sea | | | | |
| Fishery countries: | | | | |
| United States | | | | |

Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to have direct impacts on endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low. At-sea observers monitor bycatch on all vessels and measures such as closed areas, gear modifications, and bycatch quotas are regularly used.
- This fishery uses pelagic gear, which is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed. In addition, management measures such as closed areas are used to protect habitats in the region.

General Notes

• This fish plays an important role in the marine food web and so potential impacts on the wider marine ecosystem must be monitored. Management measures are in place to reduce competition between the fishery and the population of important predator species.



Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to have direct impacts on endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

General Notes

• This fish plays an important role in the marine food web and so potential impacts on the wider marine ecosystem must be monitored.

| American sea | | | | |
|--------------------|--------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| scallop | | | | |
| Placopecten | Dredge | Certified | Well managed | \checkmark |
| magellanicus | | | | |
| US Atlantic | | | | |
| Fishery countries: | | | | |
| United States | | | | |
| | | | | |

Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to impact endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species.
- This fishery is unlikely to have significant impacts on bycatch species.
- Dredges will directly impact on the sea bed, but the fishery is considered highly unlikely to reduce habitat structure and function to a point where there would be serious or irreversible harm.

General Notes

References

SCS Global Services, October 2018, MSC Public Certification Report for US Atlantic Sea Scallop



- The fishery interacts with seabirds and marine mammals. Indirect impacts on endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species may also occur through impacts on food availability. Findings from the FIP suggest the fishery is unlikely to hinder the recovery of PET species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low. Main bycatch species are recorded by the FIP.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed. Observer data gathered by the FIP showed no evidence of the fishery interacting with the sea bed.

General Notes

• This fish plays an important role in the marine food web and so potential impacts on the wider marine ecosystem must be monitored.

References

Fishery Progress, Peruvian anchovy - small scale purse-seine



Environmental Notes

- There are risks to sharks and rays with this fishery.
- Bycatch of hake is a risk with this fishery.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed.

General Notes

References

Fishery Progress, Argentina onshore red shrimp - bottom trawl FIP



| Atlantic cod | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| Gadus morhua | Hook and line | Certified | Well managed | \checkmark |
| Barents Sea | | | | |
| Fishery countries: | | | | |
| Norway | | | | |

Environmental Notes

- There are serious concerns about the impact of this fishery upon the endangered species, golden redfish.
- There is bycatch for this fishery but bycatch species are caught in marginal amounts.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

General Notes

• No additional notes.

| Atlantic cod | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| Gadus morhua | Bottom trawl | Certified | Well managed | \checkmark |
| Barents Sea | | | | |
| Fishery countries: | | | | |
| Russia, United Kingdom | | | | |
| | | | | |

- There are concerns about the cumulative impacts of the Barents Sea fishery upon the endangered species, golden redfish. Scientific advice is to reduce the catch to zero tonnes.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed. Management measures are in place to limit impacts on benthic habitats.

General Notes

• No additional notes.

| Atlantic herring Clupea harengus NE Atlantic Spring | Purse seine | Certified | Needs improvement | ~ |
|---|-------------|-----------|----------------------|---|
| spawners Fishery countries: Norway | | | | |

Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to impact endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

General Notes

- The MSC certificate for this fishery was publicly suspended in December 2020 due to the lack of an international agreement on how to
 - manage catch levels between the nations involved in the fishery.
- This product was caught when the fishery was still certified.



Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to impact endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.

• This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

General Notes

• No additional notes.

| Banana prawn | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| Penaeus merguiensis | Bottom trawl | Certified | Well managed | \checkmark |
| Northern Australia | | | | |
| Fishery countries: | | | | |
| Australia | | | | |
| | | | | |

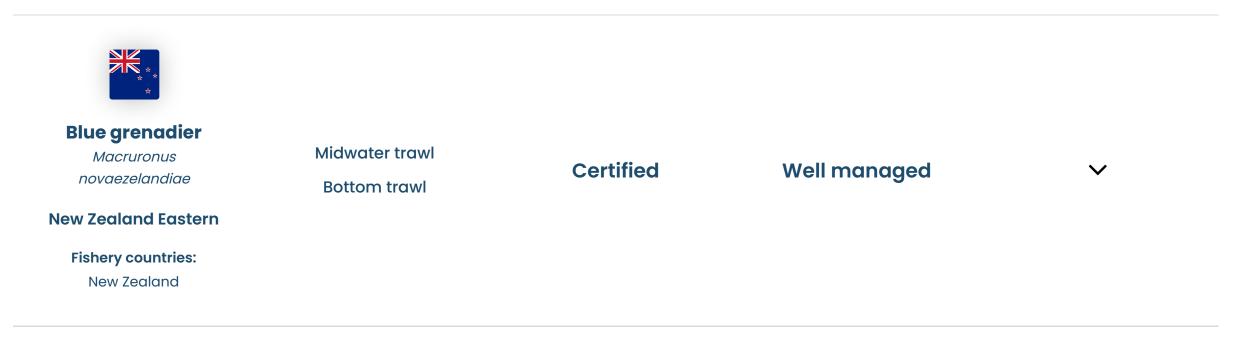
Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to impact endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species. The use of turtle excluder devices has significantly reduced the catch of sea turtles in this fishery.
- This fishery is unlikely to pose a risk to bycatch species.
- This fishery uses otter trawls which do not make contact with the sea bed.

General Notes

References

MRAG Americas, January 2018, MSC Public Certification Report for Northern Prawn Fishery

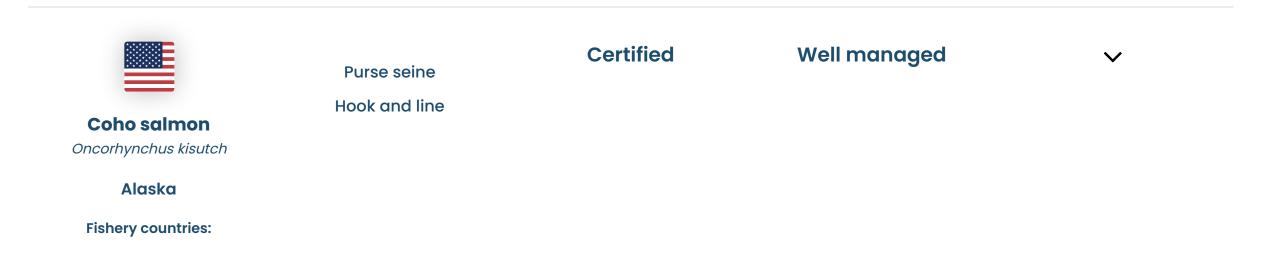


Environmental Notes

- There are risks to seabirds, marine mammals and sharks with this fishery. It is unlikely to have an unacceptable level of impacts on endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species, but the cumulative impact with other fisheries should be monitored.
- Bycatch of species not managed under the Quota Management System is low and management controls are in place to reduce bycatch and discards.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed. However, the fishery tends to operate in previously fished areas and overall impacts on the benthic habitat are thought to be low.

General Notes

• No additional notes.



- This fishery is unlikely to impact endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

General Notes

References

MRAG Americas, April 2019, MSC Public Certification Report for the Alaska Salmon Fishery

| European sprat | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| Sprattus sprattus | Midwater trawl | Certified | Well managed | \checkmark |
| Baltic Sea | | | | |
| Fishery countries: | | | | |
| Latvia | | | | |
| | | | | |

Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to impact endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species.
- Management measures are in place for the main bycatch species, Baltic herring.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

General Notes

• This fishery withdrew from certification after the sourcing period.



Japanese flying squid Todarodes pacificus

East China Sea,

FIP

Sustainability not rated



Yellow Sea, Sea of Japan and NW **Pacific Ocean Fishery countries:**

China

Environmental Notes

- There is no information on the impact of this fishery on endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species.
- Information on bycatch is not available for this fishery.
- The midwater trawl fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed, however, the combined impacts from the multi-gear fishery are unknown.

General Notes

- There is a lack of information on stock status and mortality rates for Japanese flying squid in Chinese waters.
- This fishery was in a FIP, however progress within the programme has currently stalled.

Reference

FisheryProgress - East China Sea and Yellow Sea Japanese flying squid trawl.



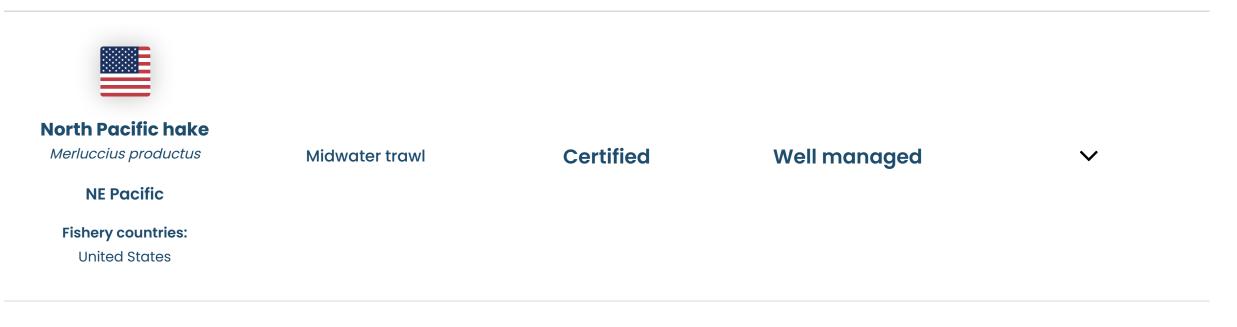
Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to impact endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species.
- Bycatch in this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

General Notes

References

Fishery Progress, Peru jumbo flying squid - jig



Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species.
- Bycatch in this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

General Notes

• No additional notes.



Environmental Notes

- There is a lack of information on interactions with endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species in this fishery.
- Impacts on bycatch species are unknown.

• Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed. Threats to vulnerable marine habitats such as cold-water corals are a concern but the actual impacts of the fishery are unknown.

General Notes

References

<u>Good Fish Guide - Pacific cod, Bering Sea (West) and Chukotskaya, Karaginskaya & Petropavlovsko-Komandorskaya subzones: All areas,</u> <u>Bottom trawl (otter)</u>

Seafood Watch, August 21 2014, Pacific Cod, Russian Federation, Bottom trawl, Boat seine net, Bottom longline

| Patagonian scallop | | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| | Detter set trend | | | |
| Zygochlamys patagonica | Bottom trawl | Certified | Well managed | \checkmark |
| Argentine | | | | |
| Fishery countries: | | | | |
| Argentina | | | | |
| | | | | |

Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to impact endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed. However, management measures are in place.

General Notes

References

Organización Internacional Agropecuaria S.A. (OIA), September 2020, MSC Public Certification Report for Patagonian Scallop Bottom Otter Trawl Fishery in Argentine Sea



Pink salmon Oncorhynchus gorbuscha

Purse seine

Certified

Well managed

 \checkmark

Alaska

Fishery countries: United States

Environmental Notes

- While encounters with marine mammals and birds have been documented in this fishery, the impact on endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species is not thought to be significant.
- There is no risk of bycatch for this fishery. Catches of other salmon species are accounted for in the pink salmon management.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the benthic habitat.

General Notes

References

MRAG Americas, April 2019, MSC Public Certification Report for the Alaska Salmon Fishery

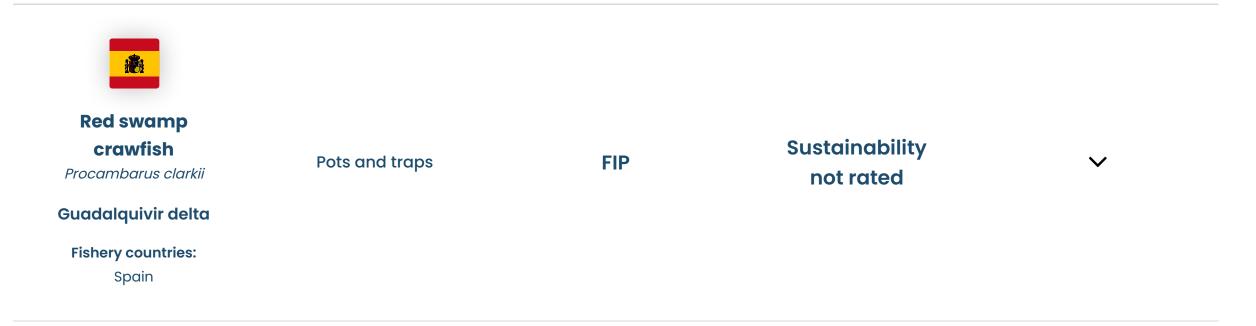
| Pink salmon | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| Oncorhynchus | | | | |
| gorbuscha | Purse seine | Certified | Well managed | \checkmark |
| Russia - Iturup Island | | | | |
| Sakhalin | | | | |
| Fishery countries: | | | | |
| Russia | | | | |

- This fishery is unlikely to impact endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low and non-target species are released alive.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the benthic habitat.

General Notes

References

SCS Global, February 2021, Iturup Island Pink & Chum Salmon MSC Fishery Assessment Report Public Certification Report



Environmental Notes

- There is a lack of information on interactions with endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species in this fishery. The only known significant impact with this fishery is the effect of the introduced crawfish species on the indigenous crawfish species.
- There is a lack of information on bycatch in this fishery.
- This is a freshwater fishery close to rice fields, so the habitat impact is very limited.

General Notes

References

Fishery Progress, Spain crayfish (crawfish) - fyke nets & traps



- Interactions with endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species are low in the unassociated fishery.
- Bycatch for this fishery includes other tuna, billfishes and sharks.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

General Notes

• No additional notes.



Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species. Occasional interactions may occur with seabirds, marine mammals and protected corals.
- Bycatch is considered low. Catch of orange roughy is a concern but the fishery is not expected to hinder recovery of the population..
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed.

General Notes

References

MRAG Asia Pacific, 2017, Seafood Risk Assessment, Prepared for OpenSeas



Snappers nei Lutjanidae

Bottom trawl

Not certified or in a FIP Sustainability not rated

V

Northern Territory

Fishery countries:



Environmental Notes

- Sharks and rays are caught by the fishery but are usually released alive. All interactions with ETP species must be recorded.
- Impacts on bycatch species are considered negligible. Management measures are in place to reduce bycatch in trawl gear.
- The fishery is operated by a small number of fishing vessels over a large area and is therefore thought to have a limited habitat impact.

General Notes

References

Whichfish, Saddletail Snapper - Northern Territory Demersal Fishery



Gillnets and

Fishery countries: United States entangling nets

Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to impact endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the benthic habitat.

General Notes

References

MRAG Americas, April 2019, MSC Public Certification Report for the Alaska Salmon Fishery



Managed

 \checkmark

Environmental Notes

- There is a lack of information on interactions with endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species in this fishery.
- This fishery targets multiple species.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

General Notes

References

FisheryProgress - Japan Hokkaido Japanese sardine - purse seine



| South American | | |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|
| pilchard | Purse seine | Not certified or in |
| Sardinops sagax | i dise sellie | a FIP |

North-east Pacific

Fishery countries: Mexico

Environmental Notes

- There is a lack of information on interactions with endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species in this fishery.
- Available information suggests that bycatch rates in the Mexican fishery are high.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

General Notes

• No additional notes.



| Southern blue whiting Micromesistius australis | Midwater trawl | Not certified or in a FIP | Well managed | \checkmark |
|--|----------------|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Campbell Island | | | | |
| Fishery countries: New Zealand | | | | |

- Occasional interactions with seabirds and marine mammals may occur, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low for this fishery and management measures are in place.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

General Notes

• No additional notes

| Yellowfin tuna | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| Thunnus albacares | Purse seine | Certified | Well managed | \checkmark |
| Eastern Pacific Ocean | | | | |
| Fishery countries: | | | | |
| Mexico | | | | |
| | | | | |

Environmental Notes

- There are risks to seabirds, sea turtles and marine mammals with this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bycatch is a risk for this fishery.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

General Notes

• This fishery withdrew from certification after the sourcing period.



Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to impact endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species.
- Bycatch is considered low for this fishery.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

General Notes

References

| Yellowfin tuna | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------|-----|-------------|--------------|
| Thunnus albacares | Handlines and | FIP | Needs | \checkmark |
| Western and Central | pole-lines | | improvement | • |
| Pacific Ocean | | | | |
| Fishery countries: | | | | |
| Indonesia | | | | |
| | | | | |

- This fishery is unlikely to impact endangered, threatened and protected (ETP) species.
- Bycatch is considered low for this fishery.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

General Notes

References

Fishery Progress, Indonesia Western and Central Pacific Ocean yellowfin tuna - pole & line



Profile Download

ODP profiles from previous years are available to download as PDFs below.

2019

| 2020 | | |
|------|--|--|
| | | |
| 2021 | | |
| | | |
| 2022 | | |
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