Times Have Changed: The Benefits of Transparency Outweigh the Risks

**MARCH 2024** 







## We were able to visualize our supply chain for the first time.





# We were able to ensure one generic, agreed-upon name for each of our suppliers.





We have reached new levels of clarity around how we categorize processes occurring at supplier facilities. As we map more tiers of our supply chain, we have been energized to standardize the data we are collecting and sharing across those tiers.





# We have been able to engage with numerous organizations globally and enhanced our understanding of salient risks.





In times of crisis, we have been able to collaborate with other organizations connected to our suppliers in the affected region and work together to address concerns. This includes both collective monitoring and the implementation of solutions.





We are working on lowering our supply chain GHG emissions, which means working closely with our suppliers and other brands to improve energy efficiency and switch to renewable energy supplies. We have been able to collaborate more effectively with our suppliers and other brands producing at the same facilities.



## What did we hear?



Getting rid of data headaches



Easier data sharing & communication



**Finding collaborators** 



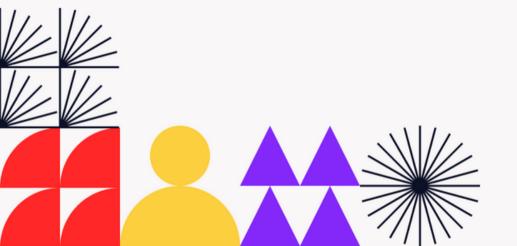
Understanding & mitigating risk

Transparency wasn't the end goal, but a means to other outcomes.



## Why isn't this the norm?

Too often, transparency and the processes around it are separate and disconnected from other key goals, resources, initiatives.





## How does that happen?



Someone told me to /
it's a box checking
exercise to meet a
specific requirement



Resource limitations internally which mean only posting PDFs or spreadsheets can get approved



Myths surrounding transparency make it hard to make it a priority internally



No benefit is received so it just keeps getting deprioritized, meaning data could be out of date, making it even less likely to bring value.



## Let's reframe



**FROM** 

TO

Transparency for Transparency's Sake

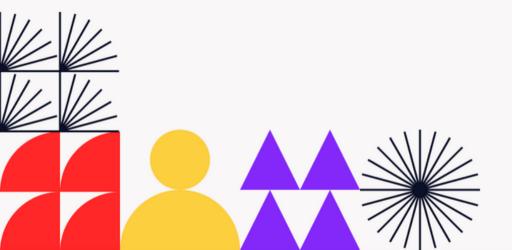
Transparency That
Solves Problems





## **Definitions**

Supplier Transparency:
Publicly sharing the
production locations in
your supply chain; as many
tiers as you have mapped



#### When is it effective? When it's:



#### Easy to find

In an open, accessible place



#### Easy to work with

In a machine-readable format



#### Easy to take action

Shared in a context that allows you to do something with it

## For those who like acronyms...

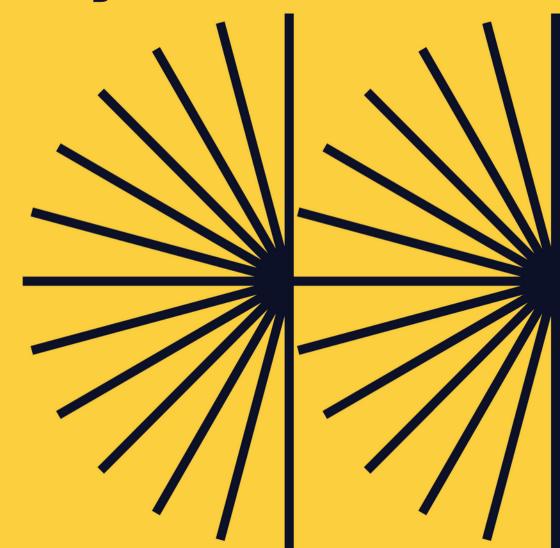
- Findable
- Accessible
- Interoperable
- Reusable





## Are we talking about transparency or traceability?

Think of transparency like a map: these are the locations and who is connected to them. Traceability draws lines through the map, showing how a product or component moves through it.







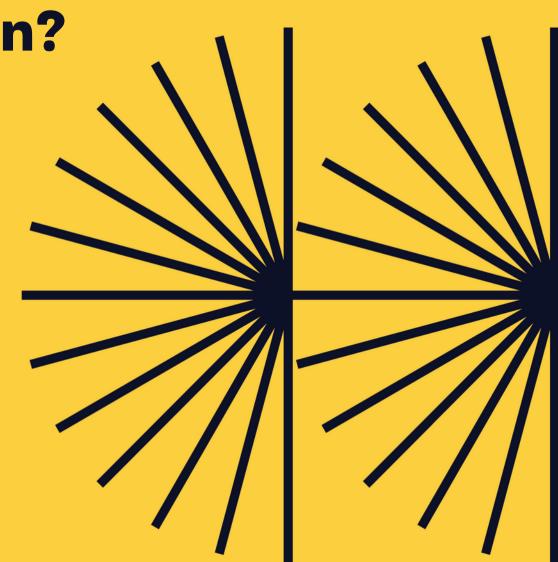




If we open up our data, won't civil society organizations come after us for issues in our supply chain?

#### Opening up your data means that:

- Civil society organizations are able to reach out to you directly to resolve issues, rather than turning to the press or more public tactics. This is often the preferred solution for both parties.
- Civil society organizations can also proactively reach out to share information and prevent issues. If your goal is to conduct effective due diligence and make improvements, opening up data allows you to get more information, make more informed decisions, and demonstrate that you've made changes based on what you have learned. Keeping your data closed hinders that process and can generate more risk in the long-run.

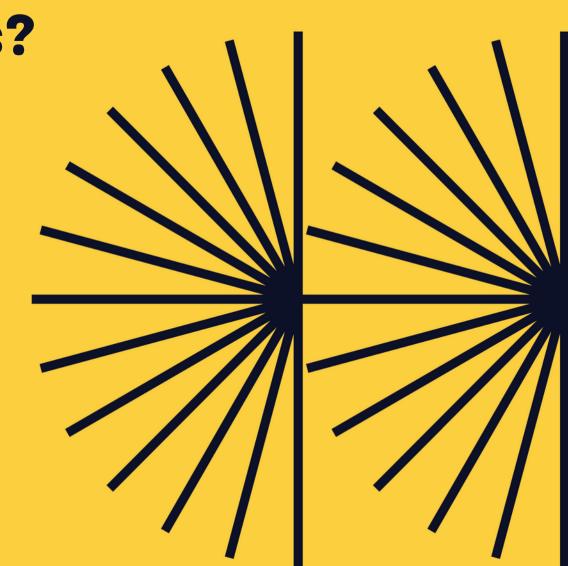






Will we lose our competitive advantage by sharing where our production happens?

- In this age of information-sharing, production locations are rarely a secret whether you disclose them yourselves or not. This is more about being in control of how and where that information is shared.
- More and more brands are saying that their competitive advantage comes from the quality and type of relationship with their suppliers, not simply whether or not they source from them.
- To solve the biggest issues of our day, this is a mindset that simply has to change. Closed data has led us to the messy, opaque world we're in today.

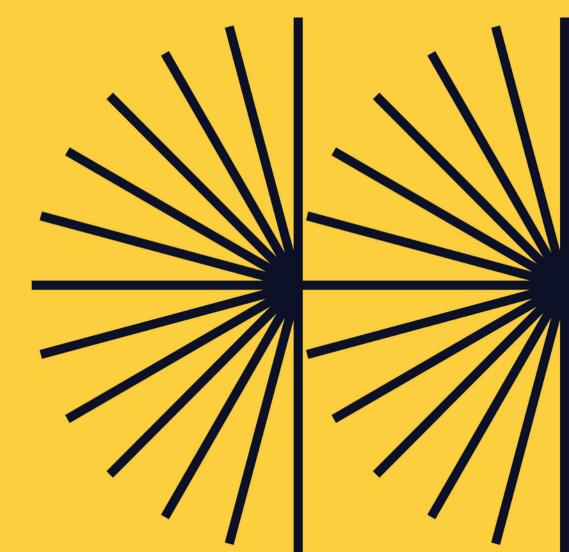






## Are there privacy concerns with publishing my supplier data?

 You don't have to publish data that would violate privacy concerns to receive great benefit. You can keep it to \*phone book data\* which isn't considered proprietary and doesn't require extra layers of protection or privacy.







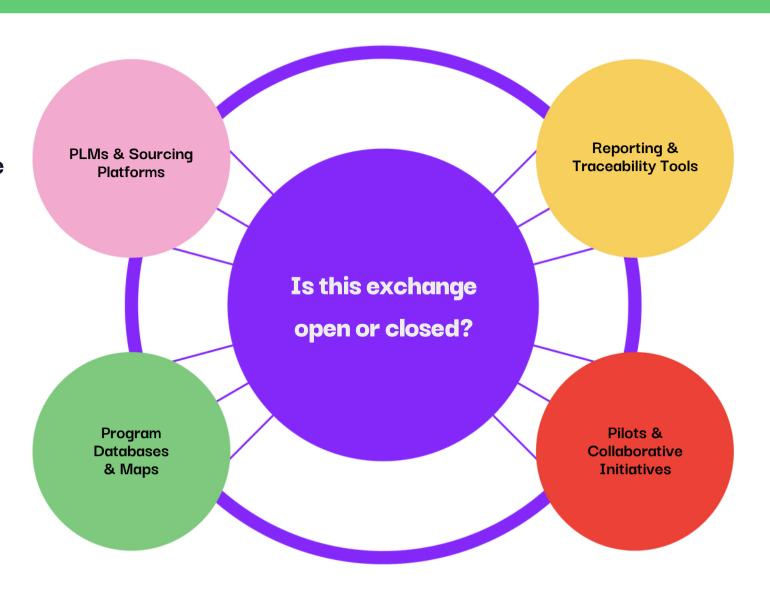




### CONTRIBUTE TO A SUPPLY CHAIN DATA COMMONS

## When we build a collective dataset, we all can:

- Surface discrepancies and fill in the gaps (e.g. different factory aliases or incomplete addresses)
- Reduce audit fatigue by all accessing and updating the same base dataset
- Eliminating duplicative data
   cleaning and matching with private
   exchanges between platforms









## Legislation & ESG Reporting

The volume of sustainability & due diligence legislation continues to grow. The cost of anticipating these requirements is always lower than being on the back foot and responding to mandates.

Organizations need to start by understanding where their production sites are located in order to then efficiently measure or report on social or environmental conditions.

### **Transparency is Critical**



#### Know & show your supply chain

A core step to enable you to conduct due diligence is knowing and sharing your supply chain. Openly displaying your data puts you in a strong position to implement effective due diligence.



#### Make your data interoperable

To effectively respond to legislative demands, you will need to work with others: service providers, reporting tools, remediation partners and more. If your data isn't interoperable, this will be a hugely time-intensive - if not impossible - feat.



#### Find collaborators

Whether you're working on risk identification, remediation, grievance mechanisms, or something else: ensure you are collaborating with other organizations connected to your suppliers or in the same geographic area, to share the burden and maximize effectiveness.

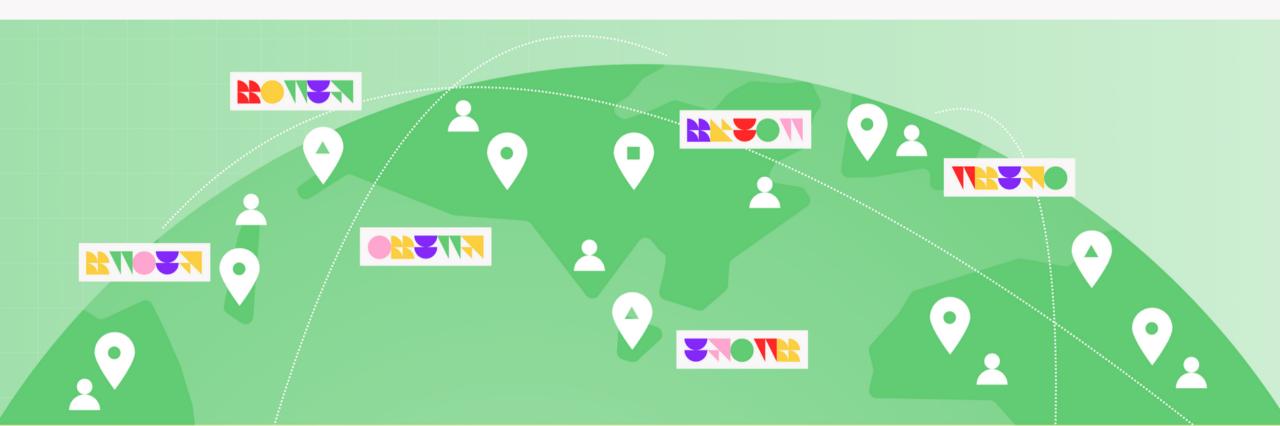


Building a world where supply chain data is open, trusted & harnessed to benefit people and planet



Open Supply Hub is a supply chain data platform that anyone can search and contribute to. It shows production locations across the world and who is connected to them, making that data easy for anyone to work with.







## We provide:



#### A Reliable, Interoperable Dataset...

All data contributed to the platform is cleaned and processed by a matching algorithm and then assigned an industry-standard ID that is free and accessible to all.



#### Living in a Public Good...

Governed under an open data model, anyone wishing to share, search, and/or integrate supply chain data can do so in a single place - quickly becoming one of the largest open supply chain datasets available.



## That Enables Global Collaboration

The user-generated dataset gives visibility into which organizations are connected to which facilities, with search enabled for overlaps between organizations, accelerating collaboration.





## **A Pre-Competitive Tool**

Open Supply Hub is a 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization, registered in the USA.

To ensure our organization, model and data continue to serve the many types of stakeholders needed to improve supply chains, we are governed by a global multistakeholder Board of Directors representing a diverse range of industry actors, from unions and human rights representatives, to multi-national corporations and open data experts.



**Brands & Retailers** 



**Civil Society** 



**Facilities** 



Multi-Stakeholder
Initiatives



Researchers

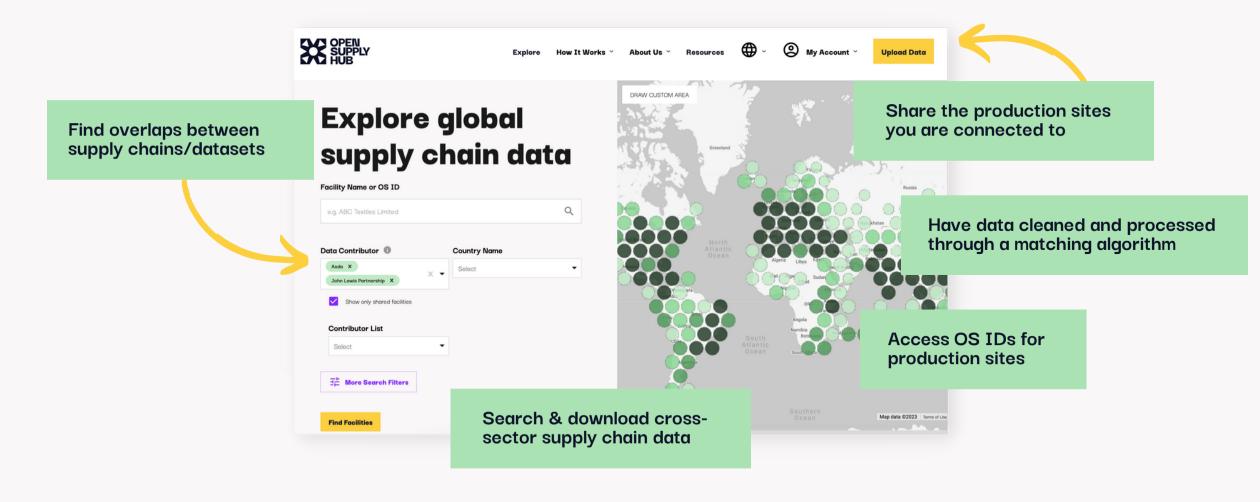


**Service Providers** 





#### Use <u>www.opensupplyhub.org</u> to:



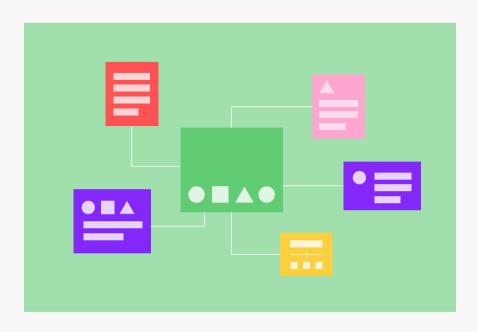




## **Embedded Map**

Automatically display your data on your own website as a customized map

**View Live Examples** 



## **API**

Automatically push and/or pull data + OS

IDs between your system and OS Hub



## Which sectors can you find in OS Hub?



Apparel & Accessories



**Automotive** 



**Beauty** 



**Consumer Goods** 



**Electronics** 



**Energy & Utilities** 



Food & Beverage



**Furniture** 



**Sporting Goods** 



## Hundreds of organizations share data with and use OS Hub

#### **BRANDS & RETAILERS**

Amazon, H&M, HEMA,
John Lewis Partnership, Target,
The Walt Disney Company

## INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATIONS

amfori, Fair Trade Certified, Oeko-Tex, Textile Exchange, Wordly

Unique IDs for Supplier Facilities

Reliable Base for ESG Reporting

Collaboration Opportunities

- Unique IDs Enable Interoperability
- \*\* Automatic Syncing via API
- Facilitate Remediation and Collaboration

#### **CIVIL SOCIETY**

Business & Human Rights
Resource Centre, Fashion
Revolution, Solidarity Center,
Worker Rights Consortium,
WWF

- Speed up Remediation Processes
- Combine Data Sets for Further Insights
- Identify Potential Partners

### MANUFACTURING GROUPS

Arvind Limited, Delta Galil, Elevate Textiles, Hirdaramani, Pou Chen Group

- Visibility on Global Platform
- Eliminate Confusion for Customers
- Search for Partner Faciliities



## Brands & Retailers Sharing Data in OS Hub

#### **Search Supply Chain Data from Sector Leaders Including:**

- adidas
- ALDI (Nord & Sud)
- Amazon
- Armani Group
- Asda
- Boohoo Group
- Brooks Sports
- Burton Snowboards
- Columbia Sportswear
- Coop Genossenschaft
- Dick's Sporting Goods

- de Bijenkorf
- Gap Inc.
- Hema B.V.
- H&M Group
- Kmart & Target Australia
- Lojas Renner
- JC Penney
- John Lewis Partnership
- KMD Brands

- MANGO
- Mammut
- MEC
- Neiman MarcusGroup
- Nordstrom
- Patagonia
- PVH
- River Island
- Sainsbury's Argos

- Stella McCartney
- Sunrock
- Tesco
- The Very Group
- VF Corporation
- Target Corporation
- Walt Disney Company
- Zalando
- ZEEMAN



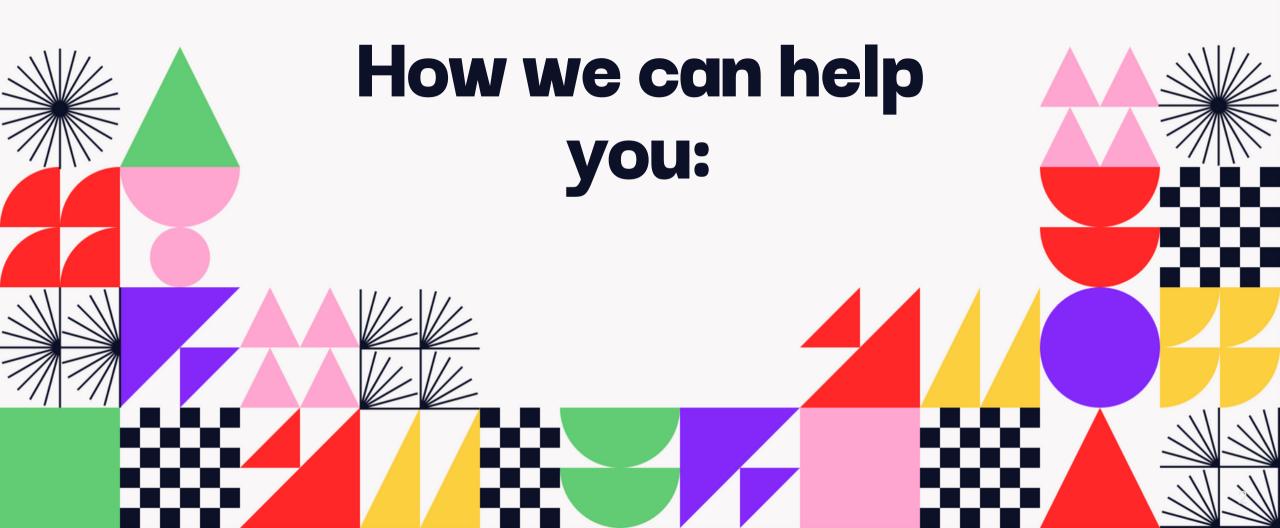
"We know that Open Supply Hub and its standardized supply chain data will be a key piece in identifying areas where we can collectively focus our attention, with the goal that products and services are being provided in a way that respects human rights and the environment."

LEIGH ANNE DEWINE

DIRECTOR OF SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY, AMAZON



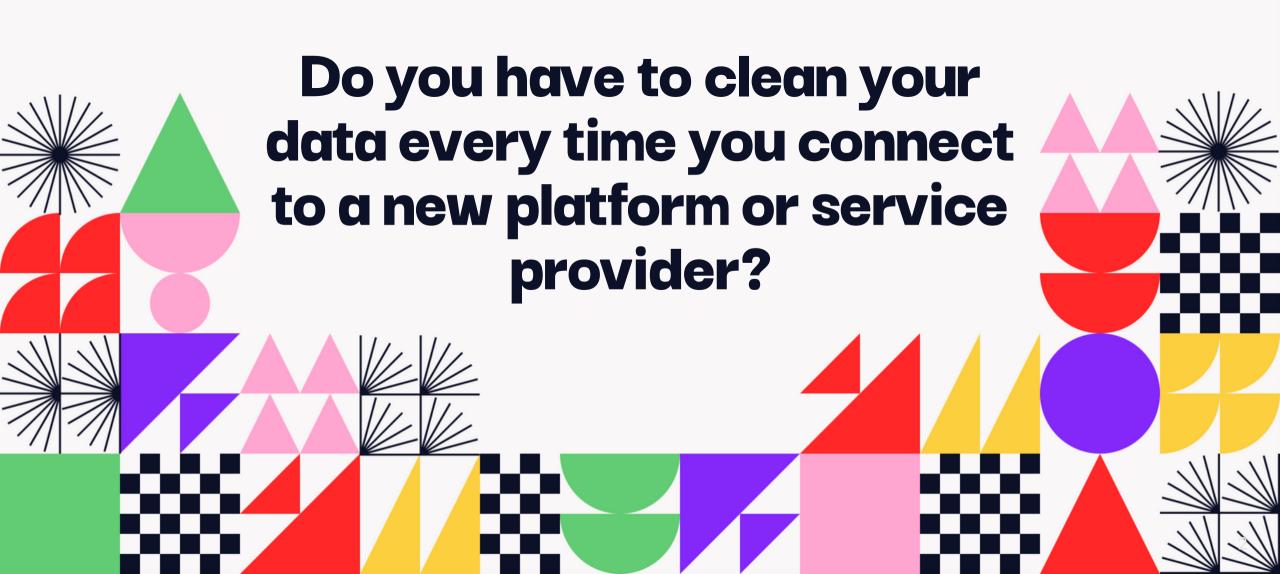














## Harnessing OS IDs to match facilities across platforms

Mammut is a member of numerous multi-stakeholder initiatives (MSIs), tackling both social and environmental issues in the supply chain. Each of these MSIs work with their own ID systems, which makes matching facilities across different platforms difficult.

The unique OS IDs allocated to each facility in the database help Mammut overcome precisely this challenge.

Using OS IDs that have been allocated to its facilities. Mammut plans to begin working on analysis and visualizations, matching facilities across multiple systems, resulting in an even clearer picture of its supply chain.



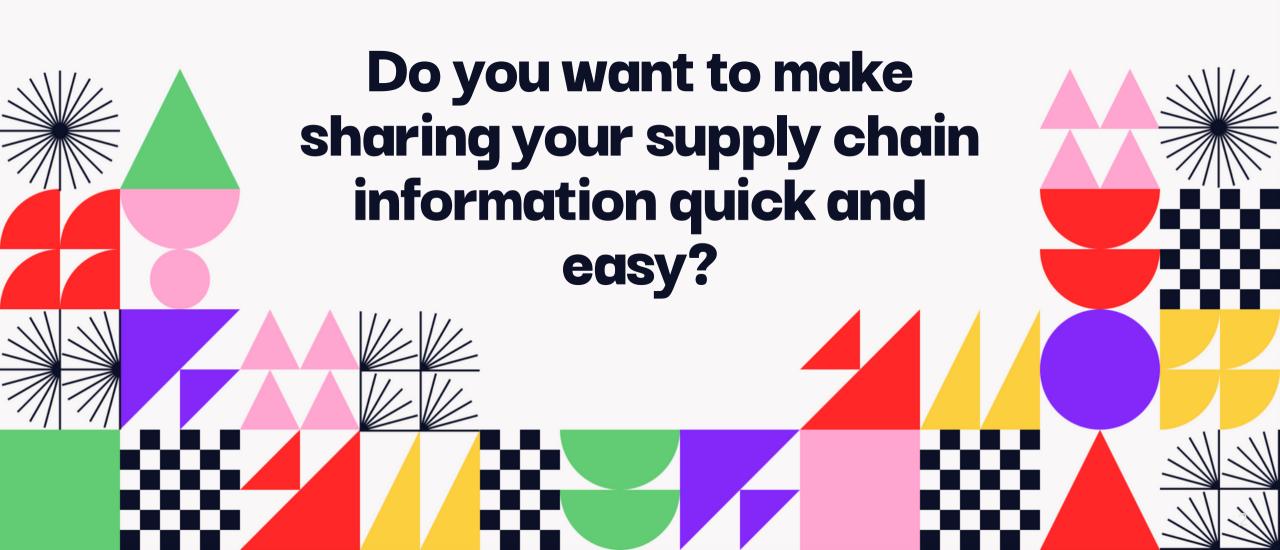
With origins dating back to 1862, Mammut is an outdoor apparel and equipment company with headquarters in Switzerland.

FIND OUT MORE

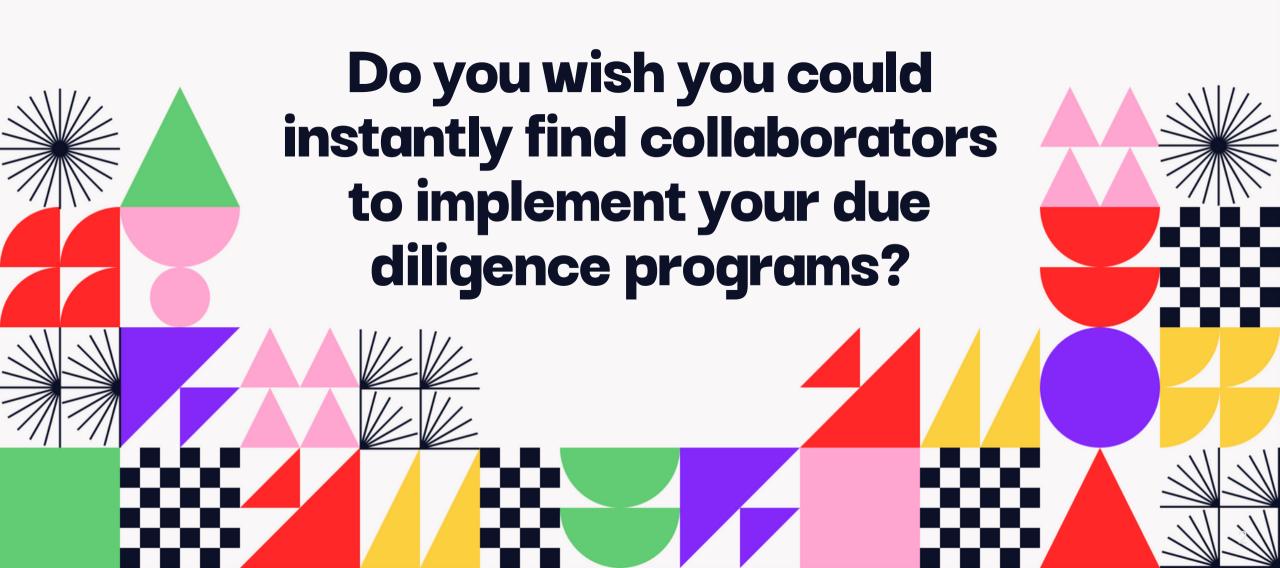














## **Getting Started**

It isn't all or nothing. What is the right starting place for you? Is there a tier, region, product line, issue area, etc. where you can test out publicly sharing supplier data?



Prep Your Data via OS Hub templates or API libraries



Upload/Connect to OS Hub for Review



Finalize, Publish & Link on Your Website/Embed Your Map



### Making the Most of OS Hub

Sharing your suppliers on OS Hub is a great first step in opening up your data - but there's so much more to be gained from working with our platform. Here's some inspiration for going beyond transparency for transparency's sake:



Integrate OS IDs into your PLM/sourcing platform



(If they haven't already) Encourage MSIs and Service Providers to Adopt OS IDs so you can create one connected supply chain data ecosystem



Use your link to your supply chain data on OS Hub to easily share your supply chain data internally & externally in a visual, searchable format.



Encourage your suppliers to claim their facilities or share their suppliers, bringing even greater levels of transparency





### Making the Most of OS Hub

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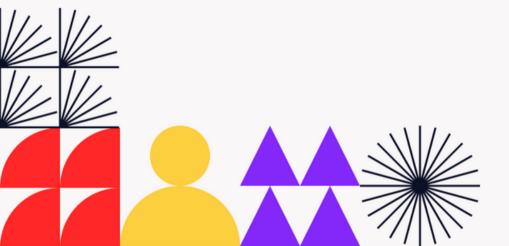
#### **Collective action support:**

Find overlap with other orgs to advance capacity building, collaborative grievance mechanisms, & more.



#### **Share OS Hub with other internal teams:**

procurement, supplier engagement, CSR, marketing - see how they could use it!





## Tips for Advocating for OS Hub Internally

We know it can be a feat to advocate for use of a new system internally.

Here are some tips we've learned from other brands & retailers who have successfully brought OS Hub and OS IDs into their company (and we're happy to put you in touch with them, if you'd like!).



#### Loop in the right teams from the start

Each company is different, but this often involves CSR/ethical trade, IT and marketing/comms. The OS Hub team is happy to set up a demo and Q&A session so you can get a strong kick-off meeting in place.



#### Look at your agreements with suppliers

Have you built in any NDAs or language about data sharing with third parties? If that language isn't necessary (more and more companies are finding it isn't, and is just legacy language), begin the process of amending it.



#### **Build in deadlines**

It's hard to push through decisions without a deadline or timeline you're working toward. Build those internally, and then hold decision-makers to them.













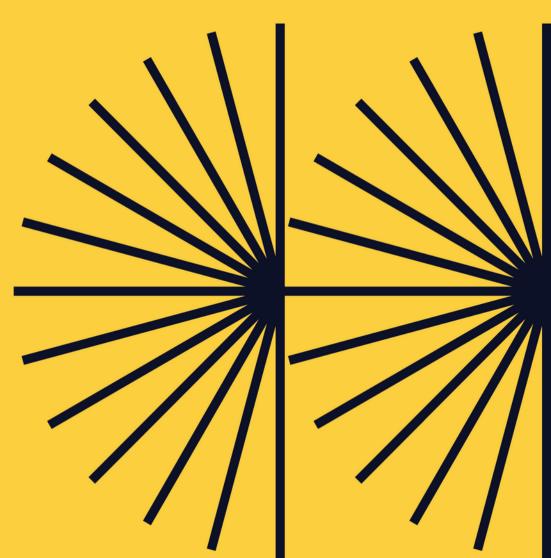
## Which supply chain tiers does OS Hub work in?

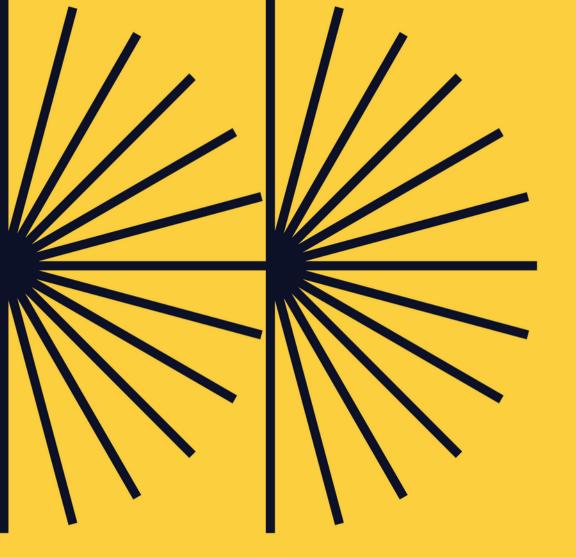
All tiers, including commodity/raw material level. Because there isn't a universal definition for tier, we use facility &/or processing type to display and filter this data point.

Data contributors can share which tiers they are disclosing in their list name/description and even separate their data into different lists by their definition of tier, if desired.

**FULL FAQS** 









## How do you verify the data in OS Hub?

We don't. Rather than thinking of us as a verifier, think of us as a "steward" for those who are collecting and potentially verifying data themselves.

As an open data platform, we openly share the data submitted and who shared it, so users can make their own decisions about the level of trust they have in the contributor and the data they shared. Think about number of workers, for example: if 20 contributors share the same figure for a site and one contributor has a vastly different number, depending on who that contributor is, might that be helpful information for you?

**FULL FAQS** 





# Does OS Hub hold/display any historical data?

This is up to the owner of that data. When a data contributor updates their data in OS Hub, they have the option to make their previous contribution inactive, breaking their connection to any production sites they are no longer connected to.

If you are a researcher and are interested in looking at historical data in aggregate, please do reach out to our team. We're always happy to discuss how OS Hub data could aid in research efforts about global supply chains.

**FULL FAQS** 

