Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

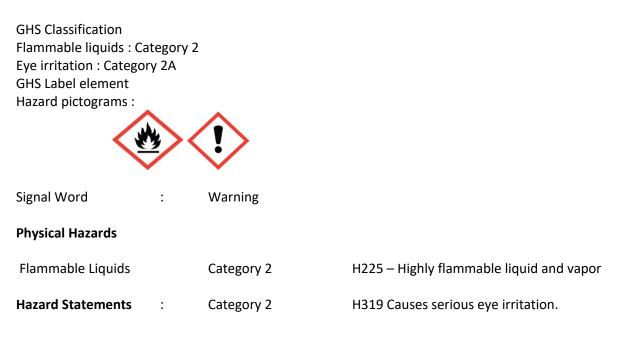
Product Name	Fifth Generation, Inc. Hand and Surface Cleanser
Company Identification	Fifth Generation, Inc.
	12101 Moore Rd.
	Austin Tx. 78719
	512. 389.9011
	Emergency Contact Mike Gentry (Safety) 512.635.4850 www.titosvodka.com/hand-cleanser-SDS

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Recommended use

: Hand Cleanser Restrictions on use

: This is a personal care or cosmetic product that is safe for consumers and other users under normal and reasonably foreseeable use. Cosmetics and consumer products, specifically defined by regulations around the world, are exempt from the requirement of an SDS for the consumer. This SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product for industrial workplace conditions as well as unusual and unintended exposures such as large spills. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product. For specific intended-use guidance, please refer to the information provided on the package or instruction sheet.

Section 2 - Hazards Identification



Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.- No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P242 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.
P249 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards: Vapors may form explosive mixture with air

Section 3 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Hazardous ingredients		
Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Concentration (%)
Denatured Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	80
Hydrogen Peroxide	7722-84-1	0.125
Glycerin	56-81-5 200-289-5	1.45
Distilled Water	7732-18-5	18.425

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Appearance:	Colorless clear liquid.	Flash Point: 20 deg C (68 deg F.)
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Flammable liquid and vapor! May cause central nervous system depression. Causes eye irritation, causes respiratory tract irritation, Causes moderate skin irritation. This substance has caused adverse reproductive and fetal effects in humans.

Chronic Effects:	Damage to liver, kidney and heart.
Target Organs:	Kidneys, heart, central nervous system, liver.

Potential Health Effects:

Eye: Causes severe eye irritation. May cause painful sensitization to light. May cause chemical conjunctivitis and corneal damage.

Skin: Causes moderate skin irritation. May cause cyanosis of the extremities.

Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause systemic toxicity with acidosis. May cause central nervous system depression, characterized by excitement, followed by headache, dizziness, drowsiness, and nausea. Advanced stages may cause collapse, unconsciousness, coma and possible death due to respiratory failure.

Inhalation: Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system effects characterized by nausea, headache, dizziness, unconsciousness and coma. Causes respiratory tract irritation. May cause narcotic effects in high concentration. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation.

Chronic: May cause reproductive and fetal effects. Laboratory experiments have resulted in mutagenic effects.

Animal studies have reported the development of tumors. Prolonged exposure may cause liver, kidney, and heart damage.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid. Gently lift eyelids and flush continuously with water.

Skin: Get medical aid. Flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Flush skin with plenty of soap and water.

Ingestion: DO NOT induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 capfuls of milk or water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical aid.

Inhalation: Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively. Persons with skin or eye disorders or liver, kidney, chronic respiratory diseases, or central and peripheral nervous system diseases may be at increased risk from exposure to this substance.

Replace fluid and electrolytes.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

General Information: Containers can build up pressure if exposed to heat and/or fire. As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Vapors may form an explosive mixture with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. May burn if involved in a fire. Flammable Liquid; Can release vapors that form explosive mixtures at temperatures above the flashpoint. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode in the heat of a fire.

Extinguishing Media: For small fires, use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam. For large fires, use water spray, fog, or alcohol-resistant foam. Use water spray to cool fire -exposed containers. Water may be ineffective. Do NOT use straight streams of water.

Flash Point:	20 deg C (68 deg F)
Auto ignition Temperature:	363 deg C (685.40 deg F)
Explosion Limits	Lower: 3.3 vol % Upper: 19.0 vol %
NFPA Rating:	(estimated) Health: 2; Flammability: 3; Instability: 0
Section 6 Accidental Poloace Measures	

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

General Information: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.

Spills/Leaks: Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. vermiculite, sand or earth), then place in suitable container. Remove all sources of ignition. Use a spark-proof tool. Provide ventilation. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only in a well-ventilated area Use spark-proof tools and explosion proof equipment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid contact with heat, sparks and flame. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames.

Storage: Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Keep away from sources of ignition. Store in a tightly closed container. Keep from contact with oxidizing materials. Store

in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Do not store near perchlorates, peroxides, chromic acid or nitric acid.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below the permissible exposure limits.

Exposure Limits Chemical Name	Ethyl alcohol
ACGIH	1000 ppm TWA
NIOSH	1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA 3300 ppm IDLH
OSHA - Final PELs	1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg /m3 TWA

OSHA Vacated PELs: Ethyl alcohol: 1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA Water: No OSHA Vacated PELs are listed for this chemical.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes: Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin:Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure.Clothing:Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.Respirators:A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements or European Standard EN 149 must be followed

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

Physical State:	Clear liquid
Appearance:	Colorless
Odor:	Mild
PH:	Not available.

Vapor Pressure:	59.3 mm Hg @ 20 deg C
Vapor Density:	1.59
Evaporation Rate:	1.7
Viscosity:	1.200 cP @ 20 deg C
Boiling Point:	78 deg C
Freezing/Melting Point:	-114.1 deg C
Decomposition Temperature:	Not available.
Solubility:	Miscible.
Specific Gravity/Density:	0.790 @ 20°C
Molecular Formula:	С2Н5ОН
Molecular Weight:	46.0414
Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity	
Chemical Stability:	Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Conditions to Avoid: Incompatible materials, ignition sources, excess heat, oxidizers.

Incompatibilities with Other Materials: Strong oxidizing agents, acids, alkali metals, ammonia, hydrazine, peroxides, sodium, acid anhydrides, calcium hypochlorite, chromyl chloride, nitrosyl perchlorate, bromine pentafluoride, perchloric acid, silver nitrate, mercuric nitrate, potassium-tert-butoxide, magnesium perchlorate, acid chlorides, platinum, uranium hexafluoride, silver oxide, iodine heptafluoride, acetyl bromide, disulfuric difluoride, tetra chlorosilane + water, acetyl chloride, permanganic acid, ruthenium (VIII) oxide, uranyl perchlorate, potassium dioxide.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide, irritating and toxic fumes and gases, carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

RTECS#:

Neurotoxicity:

CAS#	64-17-5: KQ6300000
CAS#	7732-18-5: ZC0110000
LD50/LC50:	CAS# 64-17-5: Draize test, rabbit, eye: 500 mg Severe; Draize test, rabbit, eye: 500 mg/24H Mild; Draize test, rabbit, skin: 20 mg/24H Moderate; Inhalation, mouse: LC50 = 39 gm/m3/4H; Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 20000 ppm/10H; Oral, mouse: LD50 = 3450 mg/kg; Oral, rabbit: LD50 = 6300 mg/kg; Oral, rat: LD50 = 9000 mg/kg; Oral, rat: LD50 = 7060 mg/kg; CAS# 7732-18-5: Oral, rat: LD50 = >90 mL/kg;
Carcinogenicity:	CAS# 64-17-5:
ACGIH: 18-5: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NIC	A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen CAS# 7732- OSH, NTP, or OSHA.

Epidemiology: Ethyl Alcohol has been shown to produce fetotoxicity in the embryo or fetus of laboratory animals. Prenatal exposure to ethanol is associated with a distinct pattern of congenital malformations that have collectively been termed the "fetal alcohol syndrome".

Teratogenicity:Oral, Human - woman: TDLo = 41 gm/kg (female 41-week(s) after conception) Effects on newborn - Apgar score (human only) and Effects onNewborn - other neonatal measures or effects and Effects on newborn - drug dependence.

Reproductive Effects: Intrauterine, Human - woman: TDLo = 200 mg/kg (female 5-day(s) pre-mating) Fertility – female fertility index (e.g. # females pregnant per # sperm positive females; # females pregnant per # females mated).

No information available.

Mutagenicity:	DNA Inhibition: Human, Lymphocyte = 220 mmol/L.;	
Cytogenetic Analysis: Human, Lymphocyte = 1160 gm/L.; Cytogenetic Analysis: Human,		
Fibroblast = 12000 ppm. Cytogenetic Analysis: Human, Leukocyte = 1 pph/72H gm/L.;		
Cytogenetic Analysis: Human, Fibroblast = 12000 ppm. Cytogenetic Analysis: Human,		

Leukocyte = 1 pph/72H (Continuous); Sister Chromatid Exchange: Human, Lymphocyte = 500 ppm/72H (Continuous).

Other Studies: Standard Draize Test (Skin, rabbit) = 20 mg/24H (Moderate) Standard Draize Test: Administration into the eye (rabbit) = 500 mg (Severe).

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Fish: Rainbow trout: LC50 = 12900-15300 mg/L; 96 Hr; Flow-through @ 24-24.3°C Rainbow trout: LC50 = 11200 mg/L; 24 Hr; Fingerling (Unspecified) ria: Phytobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 34900 mg/L; 5-30 min; Microtox test When spilled on land it is apt to volatilize, biodegrade, and leach into the ground water, but no data on the rates of these processes could be found. Its fate in ground water is unknown. When released into water it will volatilize and probably biodegrade. It would not be expected to adsorb to sediment or bioconcentrate in fish.

Environmental: When released to the atmosphere it will photo degrade in hours (polluted urban atmosphere) to an estimated range of 4 to 6 days in less polluted areas. Rainout should be significant.

Physical:	No information available.
Other:	No information available.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series:	None listed.
RCRA U-Series:	None listed.

Section 14 - Transport Information

US DOT IATA RID/ADR IMO Canada TDG

Shipping Name:	Hand and Surface Cleanser
Hazard Class:	3
UN Number:	UN1987

Packing Group:	П	
Section 15 - Regulatory Information		
US FEDERAL		
TSCA	CAS# 64-17-5 is listed on the TSCA inventory. CAS# 7732-18-5 is listed on the TSCA inventory.	
Health & Safety Reporting List	None of the chemicals are on the Health & Safety Reporting List.	
Chemical Test Rules	None of the chemicals in this product are under a Chemical Test Rule.	
Section 16	None of the chemicals are listed under TSCA Section 12b.	
TSCA Significant New Use Rule	None of the chemicals in this material have a SNUR under TSCA.	
SARA CERCLA Hazardous Substances and corresponding RQs		
	None of the chemicals in this material have an RQ.	
SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances		
	None of the chemicals in this product have a TPQ.	
SARA Codes	CAS # 64-17-5: acute, chronic, and flammable.	
Section 17	No chemicals are reportable under Section 313.	
Clean Air Act:	This material I does not contain any hazardous air	

pollutants. This material does not contain any Class 1 Ozone depletors. This material does not contain any Class 2 Ozone depletors.

Clean Water Act: None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Hazardous Substances under the CWA. None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Priority Pollutants under the CWA. None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Toxic Pollutants under the CWA.

OSHA: None of the chemicals in this product are considered highly hazardous by OSHA.

STATE:

CAS# 64-17-5 can be found on the following state right to know lists: California, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Minnesota, and Massachusetts.

CAS# 7732-18-5	is not present on state lists from CA, PA, MN, MA, FL, or
NJ.	

WARNING: This product contains Ethyl alcohol, a chemical known to the state of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. California No Significant Risk Level: None of the chemicals in this product are listed.

European/International Regulations

European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives

Hazard Symbols:	F
Risk Phrases:	R 11 Highly flammable.
Safety Phrases:	S 16 Keep away from sources of ignition – No smoking.
	S 33 Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
	S 7 Keep container tightly closed.
	S 9 Keep container in a well-ventilated place.
WGK (Water Danger/Protection)	CAS# 64-17-5: 0
	CAS# 7732-18-5: No information available.
Canada - DSL/NDSL	CAS# 64-17-5 is listed on Canada's DSL List.
	CAS# 7732-18-5 is listed on Canada's DSL List.
Canada – WHMIS	This product has a WHMIS classification of B2, D2A, D2B.

Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List:

CAS# 64-17-5 is listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List.

Exposure Limits

CAS# 64-17-5: OEL-AUSTRALIA: TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3) OEL-BELGIUM: TWA 1000 ppm (1880 mg/m3) OEL-CZECHOSLOVAKIA:TWA 1000 mg/m3;STEL 5000 mg/m3 OEL-DENMARK:TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3) OEL-FINLAND:TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3); STEL 1250 ppm (2400 mg/m3) OEL-FRANCE: TWA 1000 ppm (190 0 mg/m3); STEL 5000 pp OEL-GERMANY: TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3) OEL-HUNG ARY: TWA 1000 mg/m3; STEL 3000 mg/m3 OEL-THE NETHERLANDS: TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3) OEL-THE PHILIPPINES: TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3) OEL-POLAND : TWA 1000 mg/m3 OEL-RUSSIA: STEL 1000 mg/m3 OEL-SWEDEN: TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3) OEL-SWITZERLAND: TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3) OEL-THAILAND: T WA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3) OEL-TURKEY: TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3) OEL-UN ITED KINGDOM: TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3) JAN9 OEL IN BULGARIA, COLOMBIA , JORDAN, KOREA check ACGIH TLV OEL IN NEW ZEALAND, SINGAPORE, VIETNA M check ACGI TLV

Section 18 - Additional Information

SDS CREATION date: 03/25/2020

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their purposes.